

Project Number: 13-034
Project Title: Multnomah & Wahkeena Creeks Restoration Project
Project Type: Habitat Restoration
Sponsor: Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership

Enhancement/Restoration: Enhancement
Funds Requested: \$50,019
Total Project Cost: \$50,019

Match:

Project does have match funds but are being reported in OWEB grant proposal instead

Total Match: \$0

Review Team Score: 1.7

Score Definitions

0 – 1 = Do not support

2 – 3 = Some concern, but worthy of further discussion

4 – 5 = Recommend funding

The review team had the following comments about the project:

The review team members were not sure that the habitat restoration portion of the request would provide much benefit to a fishery. If the applicant could provide more information about the amount of salmon habitat which occurs above the project site, it might help explain the project's benefit to the angler. There are also concerns that the project design, as proposed, could create significant challenges in the future as it is likely that the large wood could move downstream and plug the culverts. Also, the riparian vegetation would not provide enough resistance to the changing flow of the stream, and this could impact the park's infrastructure.

Some review team members thought that it might be difficult to estimate the cost of the project without the design being complete. Also, ~ 20% of the R&E grant request would currently go toward salary and administrative costs, which is even more than the standard 10% that OWEB is willing to pay towards these kinds of costs. Though no matching contributions are included in the project budget, it is true that a proposal has been submitted to OWEB and that other match funding sources have been guaranteed contingent upon OWEB approval. Has OWEB decided to fund the project or does it seem likely? In the proposal, a tree donation is mentioned. Could the applicant potentially use this as an "Other" match contribution in the project budget?

The applicant did ask the local ODFW District Fish Biologist about the possibility of the diversion modification being considered a fish passage trigger, and was told that it would not be. However, the ODFW Fish Passage Program has not been contacted about the project. Based on their initial review of the application, they say that it is not clear whether the diversion structure is something like a dam or an actual diversion. Therefore, the applicant is still strongly advised to contract ODFW Fish Passage staff about the details of the proposal as soon as possible. More details about the diversion modification, and how it is related to future plans for Hartman Pond and Hartman Pond water management, should also be included in the presentation to the R&E Board.



R & E Grant Application 13 Biennium

Project #:
13-034

Multnomah and Wahkeena Creeks Restoration Project

Project Information

R&E Project Request: \$49,774.40
Match Funding: \$0.00
Total Project: \$49,774.40
Start Date: 7/1/2014
End Date: 12/15/2014
Project Email: ccollins@estuarypartnership.org
Project Biennium: 13 Biennium
Organization: Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership (Tax ID #: 93-1249298)

Fiscal Officer

Name: Tom Argent
Address: 811 SW Naito Pkwy, Suite 410
Portland, OR 97204
Telephone: 503-226-1565 x242
Fax: 503-226-1580
Email: targent@estuarypartnership.org

Applicant Information

Name: Debrah Marriott
Address: 811 SW Naito Pkwy, Suite 410
Portland, OR 97204
Telephone: 503-226-1565 x235
Email: dmarriott@estuarypartnership.org

Past Recommended or Completed Projects

This applicant has no previous projects that match criteria.

Project Summary

This project is NOT part of ODFW's 25 Year Angling Plan.

Activity Type: Miscellaneous (Enhancement)
Summary: The Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership (Estuary Partnership) respectfully requests \$49,774 to implement the Multnomah and Wahkeena Creeks Restoration Project, which is Phase I of its science-based restoration plan for 60 publicly-owned acres in the Columbia River Gorge. Phase I restoration actions, which focus on Wahkeena Creek and lower Multnomah Creek, include modifying

Hartman Pond infrastructure (to reduce the Wahkeena Creek diversion and eliminate low-flow discharge from Hartman Pond to Wahkeena Creek); constructing a sustainable stormwater facility to treat runoff from 0.7 acres of impervious parking lot; and placing approximately 60 logs for in-stream habitat improvement. The Estuary Partnership has developed final designs, will submit permit applications during January 2014, and plans to construct the project during summer 2014. Project partners include the U.S. Forest Service (USFS), Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD), and ODFW.

Objectives: The project team completed a baseline assessment and alternatives analysis at the site during 2010 and 2011. The ecological objective of the proposed project is to address the limiting factors identified during that study, which are listed below for reference (see question re: current conditions) and primarily are due to impacts associated with construction of Interstate-84 (Figure 1).

Specific project objectives include reducing summer temperatures in lower Multnomah Creek by 2-3 degrees Celsius; providing thermal refugia for migrating adult and juvenile salmon at the mouth of Multnomah Creek; improving spawning habitat for coho salmon and steelhead; improving access (fish passage) to the site for coho and Chinook salmon, steelhead, and lamprey; improving Multnomah Creek's overall water quality; increasing instream habitat diversity; removing invasives and restoring native riparian communities; and restoring hydrologic and sediment transport regimes (to the greatest extent possible).

Fishery Benefits:

Angling opportunities at the site include trout fishing in Wahkeena Creek, Multnomah Creek, Benson Lake, and Hartman Pond; fishing for warmwater species in Hartman Pond and Benson Lake; and fishing for a variety of species in the Columbia River. The project will not directly benefit warmwater fishing opportunities; however, it will maintain those fisheries in their current condition while increasing fishing opportunities for salmon and steelhead and improving natural production of salmon and steelhead. Specifically, by improving habitat, increasing flow (water depths) during spawning season, improving fish passage into the site, improving water quality, and increasing food production within the site, factors that are limiting production of salmonids will be addressed and on-site salmonid production should increase. Additionally, by improving the site's thermal regime, we will bring summer temperatures below 18 degrees Celsius (the regulatory limit) in lower Multnomah Creek therefore providing thermal refugia for salmon and steelhead migrating through the mainstem Columbia River. In addition to thermal benefits, this cold-water habitat also will provide refuge for juvenile salmonids from predators such as smallmouth bass, which require summer temperatures in excess of 19 degrees Celsius. This combination of factors will increase production and survival, therefore increasing the number of fish available for angling. Additionally, it is anticipated to attract mainstem migrants into an area of thermal refuge; many of these thermal refuge areas become productive fishing grounds within the mainstem Columbia River.

Watershed Benefits:

The proposed project is outlined in the attached 60% plan set (specific sheet numbers noted below). Specific restoration actions funded through this request (and their associated benefits to the watershed) include the following:

- Enhancement Action 1: Retrofit Wahkeena Creek diversion structure to fix the diversion at the minimal rate required to maintain the Hartman Pond fishery (sheet 11; Figure 5). Based on a detailed study conducted in 2012, the diversion rate required to maintain water levels in Hartman Pond is estimated to be 0.8 cfs during low flow months (June through September). The current low-flow diversion averages 2.0 cfs. Benefit: Increase base flows in Wahkeena Creek by approximately 45% (from ~2.5 cfs to ~3.7 cfs) without negatively effecting Hartman Pond and its fishery. Augmenting instream flows in Wahkeena Creek will increase water depths available for spawning salmon, decrease summer temperatures in lower Multnomah Creek by approximately 2-3°C (i.e., from approximately 19°C to 17°C), and improve fish passage conditions through the I-84 culvert (Figure 6). Note: Wahkeena Creek is spring-fed therefore its base flows and temperatures are consistently 4-5 cfs and 10-13°C during July, August, and early September.
- Enhancement Action 2: Raise the invert elevation of Hartman Pond's eastern outlet structure to eliminate low flow discharge from Hartman Pond to Wahkeena Creek (sheet 12; Figure 5). Benefit: Ensure poor water quality discharge from Hartman Pond, which has warm temperatures and algae blooms during summer months, does not affect water quality in Wahkeena and Multnomah Creeks.
- Enhancement Action 3: Place approximately 60 pieces of large woody debris (LWD) in 700 feet of Wahkeena and Multnomah Creeks (sheets 6, 8, 9, and 13; Figure 5). Benefit: Increase habitat structure for rearing juveniles and pre-spawn adults to reference conditions, i.e., LWD densities observed in undisturbed streams (minimum of 29 pieces of LWD per 100 meters of stream). Increase retention of organic matter to improve food web dynamics.
- Enhancement Action 4: Construct a stormwater treatment facility to treat runoff from 0.7 acres of impervious parking lot (sheet 10; Figure 4). Currently, stormwater discharges directly to Wahkeena Creek. Benefit: Removal of oils, grease, heavy metals, and other pollutants prior to discharge to Wahkeena Creek. Research has shown that copper (primarily sourced from brake pads) in stormwater is particularly harmful to spawning coho salmon, who often enter streams during the first significant rain when many of the pollutants that have accumulated on impervious surfaces during dry summer months are washed into adjacent streams therefore causing a spike in their concentrations. Elevated copper levels can cause adult coho to die before they successfully spawn.
- Enhancement Action 5: Encourage sustained beaver activity by providing structure to anchor dams, therefore helping prevent dams from failing and having to be reconstructed annually (sheet 9; figure 3). Benefit: Encourage floodplain connectivity, improve instream habitat for juvenile rearing, discourage Himalayan blackberry by increasing the water table, and retain organic matter.
- Enhancement Action 6: Revegetate approximately 3.5 acres of riparian forest (sheet 14). Benefit: Provide shade, cover, and a future source of LWD recruitment.

Current Situation:

Currently, the site is developed as a state park, and the two streams are flanked by 10-50 feet wide riparian zones beyond which mowed grassy areas contain picnic facilities, fishing piers, swimming areas, and a frisbee golf course. A large parking lot drains directly to Wahkeena Creek (Figure 4). Approximately 40% of Wahkeena Creek's low-flow discharge is diverted to Hartman Pond (Figure 5). Very little LWD

or other structure exists in either stream (Figures 3 and 5). Aside from this development, the remainder of two streams' watersheds are in relatively pristine condition and are undeveloped, except for hiking trails. The watersheds also are protected by a combination of public (mostly USFS) ownership, their location within the National Scenic Area (a protective land use overlay), and wilderness designations. For these reasons, watershed-scale processes are intact and restoration efforts at the project site have a high likelihood of long-term success. During the baseline site assessment, the project team collected and reviewed extensive site data and identified limiting factors related to historic impacts, ecological function, and the site's current and potential ability to support multiple life stages of native species (particularly salmonids). Limiting factors identified in the baseline study include the following:

1. Water quality is impaired by stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces, discharge from Benson Lake and Hartman Pond, and the diversion of Wahkeena Creek.
2. Stream temperature is above regulatory limits in Multnomah Creek due to the diversion of Wahkeena Creek and thermal loading from Benson Lake and Hartman Pond (Figure 6).
3. Instream habitat quality and diversity is impaired throughout most of the site due to reduced wood loading and the channelization and diversion of both streams (Figures 3 and 5).
4. Habitat connectivity for native species, including ESA-listed salmonids, is impacted by passage constraints (primarily the I-84 culvert) and thermal loading (Figure 6).
5. Sediment supply and sediment transport capacity is severely limited in many reaches due to undersized infrastructure, altered channel alignments, and stream diversions.
6. Wahkeena Creek's hydrologic regime is impaired by the Hartman Pond diversion, which limits water depths available for spawning and runoff from impervious surfaces (Figures 4 and 5).
7. Food web production and nutrient cycling is impaired by the dominance of Himalayan blackberry in the riparian zone and lack of instream habitat structure to retain organic inputs to the stream channels (Figures 3 and 5).
8. Riparian forests are on a declining trajectory due to the historic clearing of mature, native stands and competition from invasive species.

Alternatives:

In 2010 and 2011, the Estuary Partnership worked with the three landowners (OPRD, ODFW, and USFS) to complete a feasibility investigation and alternatives analysis. A variety of alternatives were considered, including replacement of the Wahkeena Creek diversion structure, decommissioning of Hartman Pond's outlet to Wahkeena Creek, diverting Multnomah Creek around Benson Lake, and alternate stormwater treatment facilities. The project partners rejected these alternatives (in favor of those selected) either because they did not address the site's limiting factors, they were cost-prohibitive, or they negatively impacted recreation and fishing activities at the site. The project activities selected represent the most cost-effective means of achieving project objectives while maintaining or enhancing current recreational activities.

Designer:

Inter-Fluve completed the project designs.

Methods: The project design team developed enhancement actions that not only address project objectives, but also re-establish natural processes to the greatest extent possible, enhance current recreation and fishing opportunities, and require minimal future maintenance. Construction will comply with all regulatory requirements and standard Best Management Practices, including fish salvage during isolation of in-water work areas. LWD structures will be anchored (see sheets 6, 9, and 13 of the design plans) such that they do not present a public safety concern and do not affect nearby infrastructure, i.e., they will NOT migrate downstream and affect the I-84 culvert or any other infrastructure. All LWD will be conifers and will be appropriately sized for the dimensions of the two streams. Thirty percent of the LWD will have intact rootwads. The diversion structure will be left in place (to allow ODFW to maintain its water right) but will be locked in the closed position. A subgrade perforated pipe (with a gate valve to control flow) will be installed that will allow for adjusting the Wahkeena Creek diversion such that it provides the minimal rate required to maintain water levels in Hartman Pond. The diversion structure is designed to be resistant to clogging with sediment, but can easily be cleaned if this occurs. Modeling conducted during design indicates that increased flow in Wahkeena Creek will NOT negatively impact OPRD or ODOT infrastructure. The stormwater facility consists of a vegetated swale constructed of a 50/50 mix of coarse substrate removed from the culvert and native soil that focuses not only on pollutant removal but also infiltrating runoff (to restore a natural hydrograph). All construction activities will be accomplished by Aquatic Contracting Inc., a licensed, bonded, and insured contractor that specializes in aquatic restoration projects. The Estuary Partnership selected Aquatic Contracting through a competitive bid process.

Inspector: Chris Collins (Principal Restoration Ecologist and Project Manager, Estuary Partnership), Todd Alsbury (ODFW District Biologist), Mark Stevenson (OPRD Park Manager), and Bill Norris (P.E., InterFluve)

Funding Elements: R&E funds primarily will support the construction contractor's work, specifically retrofitting the existing diversion structure, retrofitting Hartman Pond's outlet structure, and removing accumulated gravel from the park road culvert (to provide sufficient capacity for added in-stream flow). The total amount dedicated to the construction contractor will be \$43,500 (87% of funds requested). A portion of the R&E funds, \$4,532 (9% of funds requested), will fund InterFluve staff time to provide field engineering services. Because this is a design-build project, the engineer will need to be involved with construction to provide detail/guidance not included in the design drawings. Specific guidance will include supervising LWD placement (to insure the logs are properly anchored), installation of the diversion structure, and removal of sediment from the culvert. In addition to the above, \$1,742 (4% of funds requested) is requested for administrative costs.

Partners: Yes

1) OPRD - Landowner and project partner. OPRD is providing LWD, coordinating access and park closures during construction, providing site preparation and

maintenance of riparian plantings, and maintaining the stormwater swale.
 2) ODFW - Water rights holder and technical and regulatory oversight. ODFW is providing technical input and approving activities that affect Hartman Pond. ODFW also is coordinating with Hartman Pond's stakeholder group to insure the proposed restoration actions do NOT effect current or future management of the Hartman Pond fishery. ODFW also is providing technical and regulatory input regarding all project activities.
 3) USFS (adjacent landowner). The USFS will provide technical support (as needed) during construction.
 See attached letters of support from these three partners.

Existing Plan: Yes

During summer 2011, the USFS completed a Watershed Restoration Action Plan for the Lower Columbia Gorge Tributaries, i.e., all Washington and Oregon tributaries entering the Columbia River between the Sandy River and Bonneville Dam. That plan identified all potential habitat restoration actions in the lower Gorge and worked with a stakeholder group to prioritize potential projects based on a variety of factors, including species benefited, size of the project, and cost-effectiveness. The Multnomah and Wahkeena Creeks Restoration Project ranked in the top 25% of 58 potential projects, primarily due to its benefit to both local and upriver salmon stocks and high certainty of success. In addition to these reasons, the Estuary Partnership is pursuing Phase I now (above other projects in the lower Gorge) because it can be funded through existing grant sources (versus other projects that will require large capital investments), can be implemented in a relatively short time-frame, and continues building strong relationships with ODFW, OPRD, USFS, ODOT, and other partners that will be critical to future restoration efforts at the site and in other portions of the Gorge.
 Oregon's Recovery Plan does not identify specific projects in the Gorge, but it does identify priority restoration actions. Our project addresses three of these priority actions: flow improvements, restoring degraded riparian areas, and restoring instream habitat complexity (including LWD placement).

Affected Contacted: No

Affected Supportive: Yes

Affected Comments: ODOT is the only agency potentially impacted by this project that has not been notified. However, their infrastructure will not be affected directly (e.g., all LWD will be anchored such that it can withstand the 100-year flood and will NOT migrate downstream), and indirect impacts will be positive. For example, the project design provides an alternate structure for beavers to anchor their dams (currently they use the inlet of the I-84 culvert as an anchor, which reduces the hydraulic capacity and necessitates ODOT maintenance staff removing the dams periodically).

Project Schedule/Participants/Funding

Activity	Date	Participants
----------	------	--------------

Receive permit approvals	5/30/2014	Estuary Partnership
Construction	7/15/2014	Estuary Partnership, construction contractor

Affected Species:

Chinook Salmon
Coho Salmon
Lamprey
Steelhead
Warmwater

Project Permits

Name	Issued By	Secured?	Date Secured	Date Expected
Section 404 of the Clean Water Act	USACE	No	1/1/0001	5/1/2014
Removal/Fill Permit	Dept. of State Lands	No	1/1/0001	5/1/2014
Grading and Erosion Control/Floodplain Development	Multnomah County	No	1/1/0001	5/1/2014
Endangered Species Act (SLOPES IV)	NMFS and USACE	No	1/1/0001	5/1/2014
Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area	Multnomah County	No	1/1/0001	7/1/2014
Scientific Collection Permit	ODFW	No	1/1/0001	5/1/2014

Project Monitoring

Organization	Address	Activity	Frequency
Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership	811 SW Naito Pkwy, Suite 410 Portland, OR 97204	Visually observe runoff from parking lot to ensure 100% is directed to the stormwater facility, i.e., 0.0 cfs is discharged directly to Wahkeena Creek.	Two design storm events per year for two years.
Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership	811 SW Naito Pkwy, Suite 410 Portland, OR 97204	Quantify diversion from Wahkeena Creek by using a flow meter to measure discharge in the diversion channel.	Monthly from June through September for two years after construction.
Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership	811 SW Naito Pkwy, Suite 410 Portland, OR 97204	Use staff plate to measure the decrease in Hartman Pond water levels during summer and early fall (June through October).	Monthly for two years after construction (June through October only).

Project Maintenance

Organization	Address	Activity	Frequency
ODFW	17330 SE Evelyn Street Clackamas, OR 97015	Maintain existing Hartman Pond infrastructure. No additional maintenance requirements for Hartman Pond (above those already implemented) are anticipated.	Maintain current schedule.
OPRD	2501 SW 1st Avenue, Suite 100 Portland, OR 97201	Maintain stormwater facility (remove trash, pull weeds).	Annually

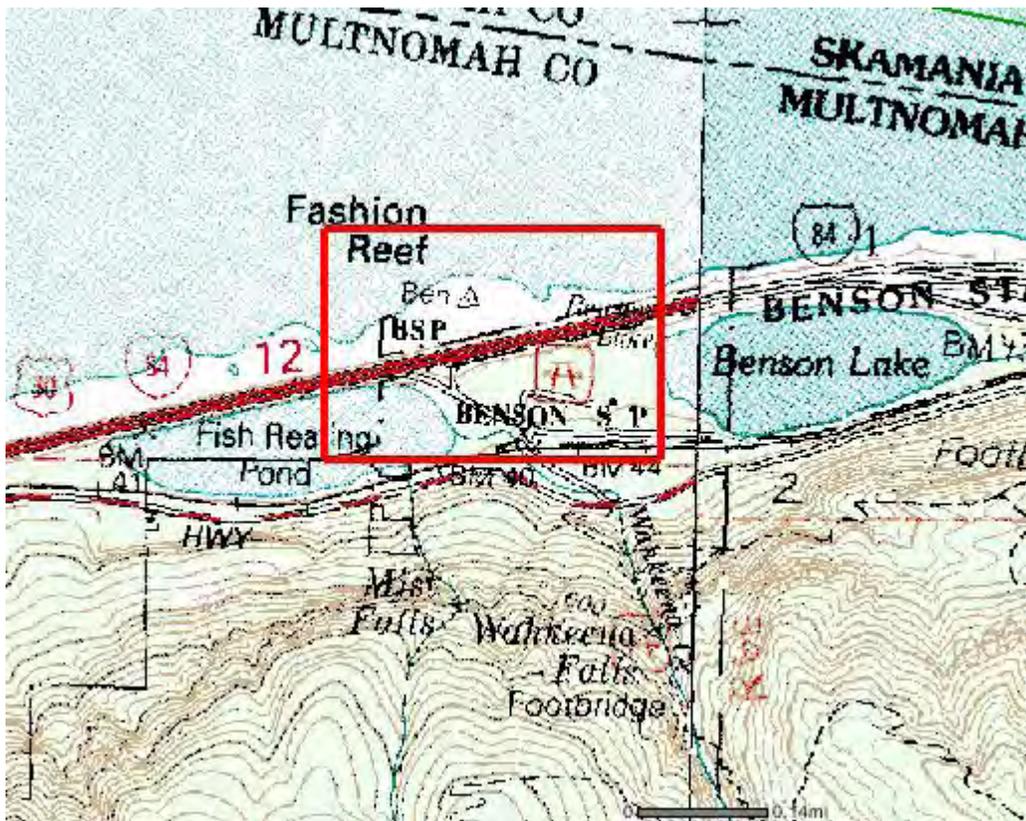
Project Match Funding

Funding Source	Cash	In-Kind	Other	Description	Total	Secured?	Conditions?	Comments
R&E Request	\$49,774.40	\$0.00	\$0.00	None	\$49,774.40	No	No	
				Total Match Funding:	\$49,774.40			

Project Budget

Item	Item Type	Units	Unit Cost	R&E Funds	Match Funds	Total
LCEP Staff Time - Finance Manager	Administration	30	\$58.08	\$1,742.40	\$0.00	\$1,742.40
Dewatering; Erosion and Sediment Control	Contracted Services	1	\$5,200.00	\$5,200.00	\$0.00	\$5,200.00
Install New Wahkeena Cr. Diversion Structure	Contracted Services	1	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$0.00	\$30,000.00
InterFluve Field Engineering/Const. Oversight	Contracted Services	40	\$113.30	\$4,532.00	\$0.00	\$4,532.00
Mobilization	Contracted Services	1	\$3,300.00	\$3,300.00	\$0.00	\$3,300.00
Remove Sediment from OPRD Culvert	Contracted Services	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$0.00	\$5,000.00
					Total Budget:	\$49,774.40

Project Map



Additional Files

Click a link to view that particular file.

[501\(c\)3 status name change](#)

[60-percent Plan Set Sheets 1 thru 5.pdf](#)

[60-percent Plan Set Sheets 6 thru 14.pdf](#)

[ODFW letter of support](#)

[OPRD letter of support](#)

[Proof of 501\(c\)3 status](#)

[Signature Authorization Page](#)

[Site photos and maps](#)

Figure 1 – Site Location

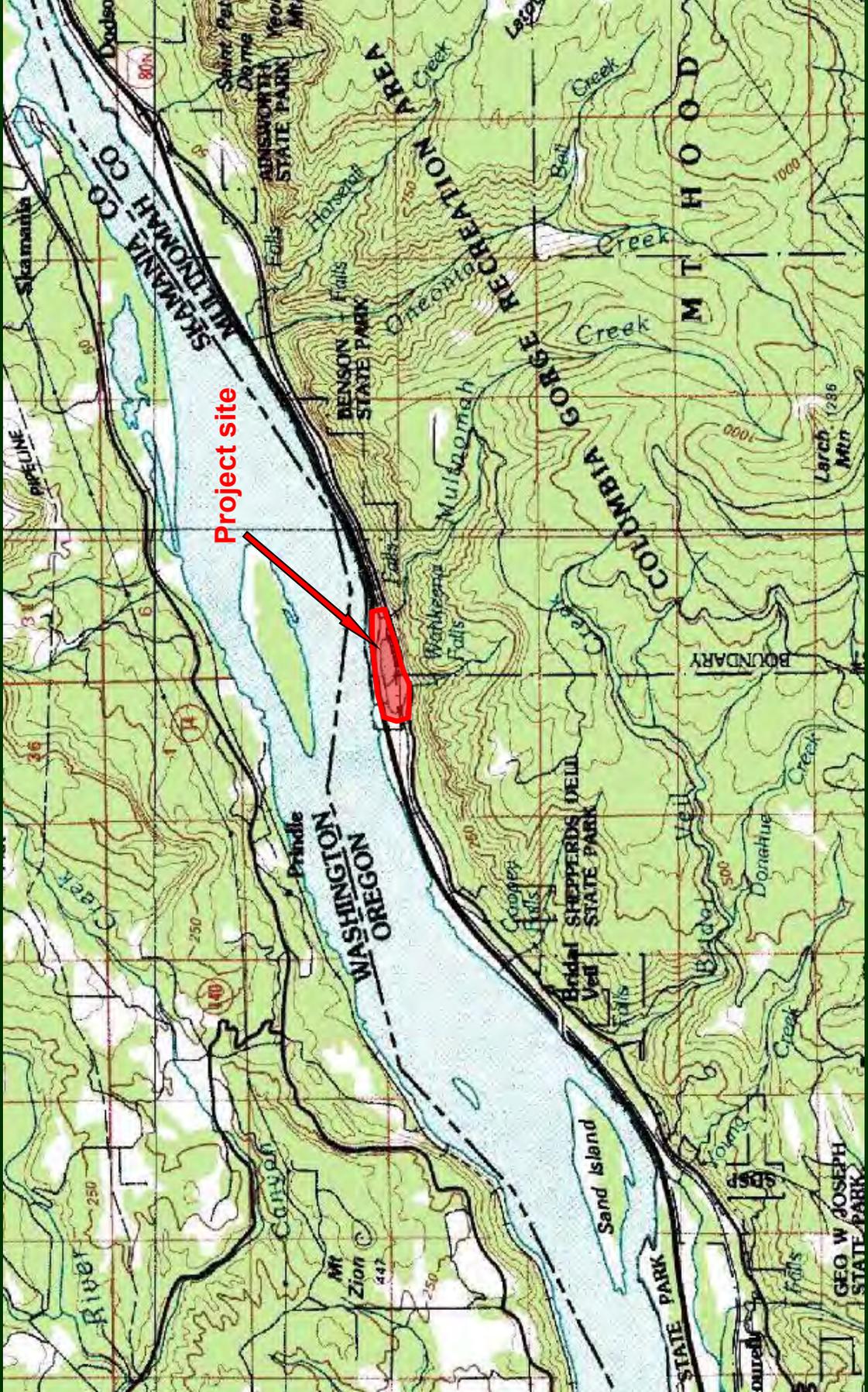
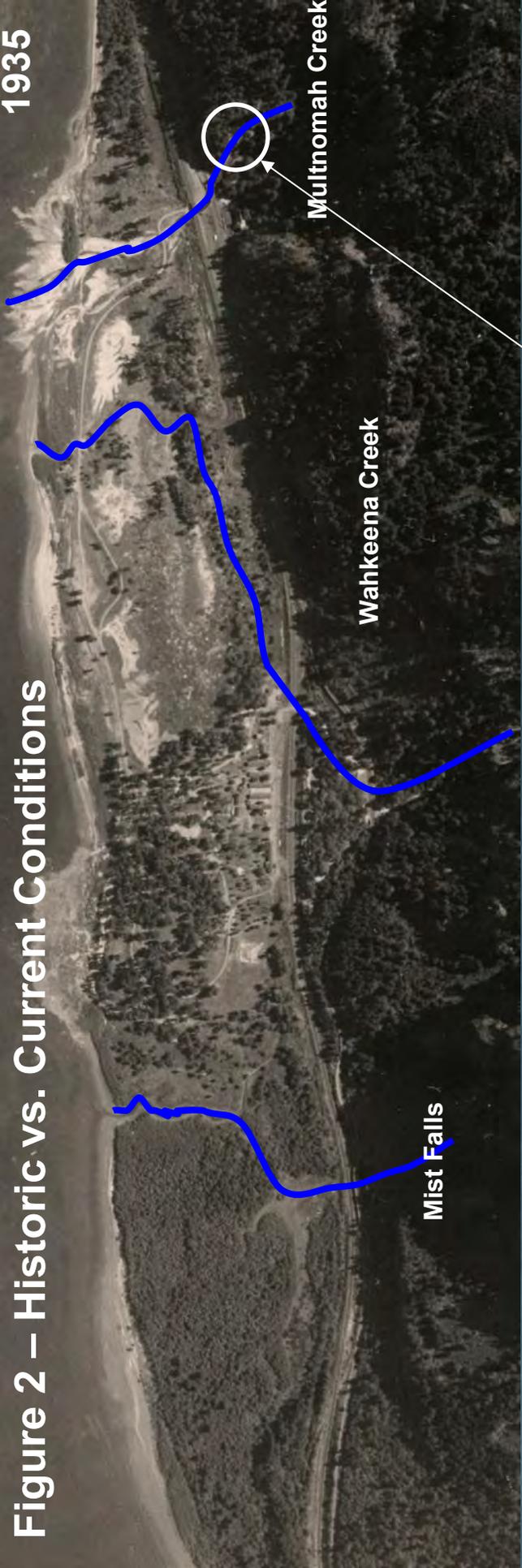


Figure 2 – Historic vs. Current Conditions

1935



2004



Figure 3 – Lower Multnomah Creek (below Benson Lake)

Proposed Actions:

- Substrate augmentation
- LWD placement (~15 logs)
- Encourage beaver activity (away from I-84 culvert)
- Riparian plantings



Riparian area along Multnomah Creek



Beaver dam constructed on face of I-84 culvert



Instream habitat conditions

Figure 4 – Stormwater Treatment

Proposed Action: Stormwater treatment for 0.94 impervious acres that drains directly to Wahkeena Creek



Parking lot that drains directly to Wahkeena Creek



0.94 acre parking lot drains to this location,
which discharges directly to
Wahkeena Creek

Figure 5 – Wahkeena Creek

Proposed Actions:

- Remove accumulated substrate from culvert
- Regrade channel to create average slope of 1.5%
- LWD placement (~50 logs)
- Reduce Wahkeena diversion to Hartman Pond
- Eliminate low-flow discharge from Hartman to Wahkeena



Hartman Pond outlet structure



Wahkeena Creek diversion structure



Instream habitat in lower portion of Wahkeena Creek (near I-84 culvert)



Instream habitat in upper portion of Wahkeena Creek (near entrance road culvert)

Figure 6 – Temperature and Discharge Monitoring Results

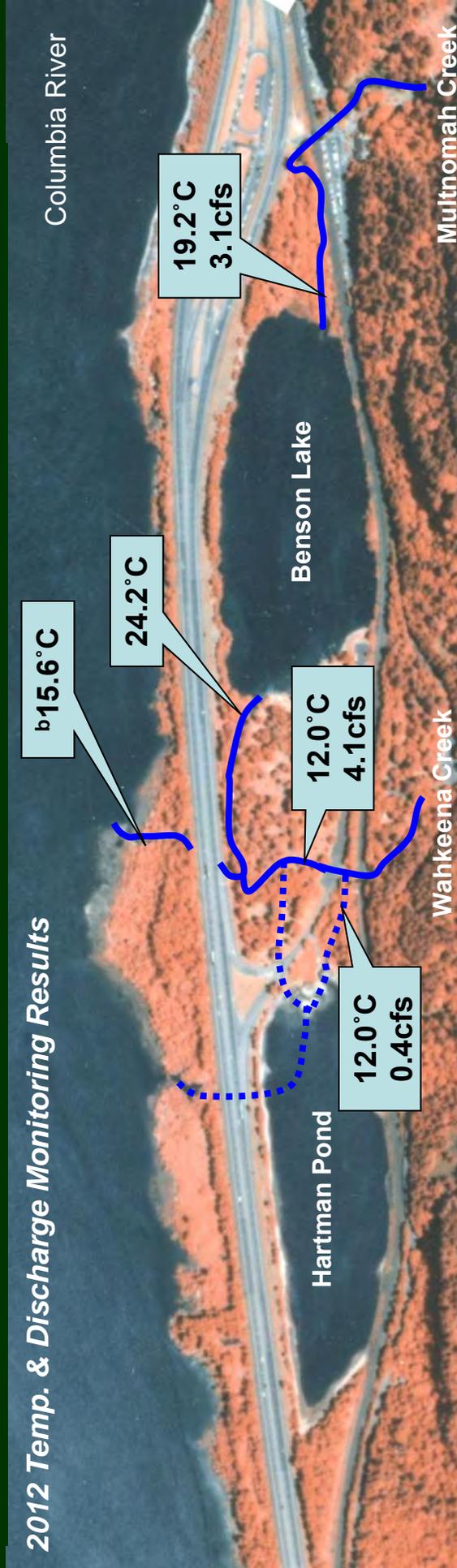
USFS Temp. Data for Lower Multnomah Creek (downstream of I-84 culvert):

Highest 7-Day Avg. Max. Temp:	2005 = 17.8°C
	2006 = 18.9°C
	2008 = 19.2°C
	2010 = 18.3°C
	Avg. = 18.6°C
	2012^{a,b} = 15.6°C

^a Wahkeena's instream flow increased by ~60% due to reduction in diversion from ~2.0cfs to 0.4cfs.

^b Data collected by Estuary Partnership.

2012 Temp. & Discharge Monitoring Results



Notes:

- Temperatures represent the highest 7-day average maximum temperatures recorded b/t June and Sept.
- Discharge values measured in August
- <14°C is ideal for juvenile salmon; 18°C is regulatory limit
- >19°C is suitable for smallmouth bass
- Columbia River typically >20°C during summer months.



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Forest
Service

Columbia River Gorge
National Scenic Area

902 Wasco Ave., Suite 200
Hood River, OR 97031
541-308-1700
FAX 541-386-1916

File Code: 2510

Date: January 14, 2013

Ms. Debrah Marriott
Executive Director
Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership
811 SW Naito Parkway
Suite 410
Portland, OR 97204

Dear Ms. Marriott,

This letter is to confirm that the USDA Forest Service Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area supports the Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership's efforts to implement restoration and enhancement actions on the floodplains of Multnomah and Wahkeena Creeks. Although much of the direct work is proposed on State land, National Forest Land is directly adjacent to the proposed work and will benefit as well.

The Forest Service has a strong desire to cooperate with Oregon State Parks, the Oregon Department of Transportation, and Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife to improve the riparian and aquatic habitats of these two streams. Consequently, we are fully supportive of the Estuary Partnership's effort to complete project designs and implement construction in 2014. We have participated with this group in the development of project plans for this restoration work and agree that salmon, wildlife, scenic values, and recreational resources stand to benefit from careful restoration of this area. Both in-stream and riparian restoration are appropriate on this site, especially the volunteer and education component currently proposed by the Estuary Partnership's Education Team.

As a landowner in the area and a dedicated long-term steward, we look forward to continuing our work with the Estuary Partnership to restore this and other portions of the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area.

Please let me know what we can do to be of further assistance and feel free to call Mark Kreiter (541-308-1744) with any questions regarding our involvement in this project.

Sincerely,

/s/ Lynn Burditt
LYNN BURDITT
Area Manager





Oregon

John Kitzhaber, Governor

Parks and Recreation Department

Columbia River Gorge Management Unit

Rooster Rock State Park

Corbett, OR 97019

(503) 695-2261

FAX (503) 695-2226

January 10, 2013

Ms. Debrah Marriott
Executive Director
Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership
811 SW Naito Parkway, Suite 410
Portland, OR 97204

Dear Debrah,

Over the past eight years, the Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) has enjoyed a productive relationship with the Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership (Estuary Partnership) and others as we have worked together to restore OPRD property along the Columbia River. Through our work with the Estuary Partnership, we have reforested 95 acres of riparian habitat, installed 140 logs with root wads to improve salmon habitat in 1-mile of stream, improved fish passage through two culverts, and developed restoration plans for three OPRD properties. We have also enjoyed working with the Estuary Partnership's education program, which brings students and volunteers to our sites to enhance habitat and promote stewardship.

Although natural resource management and protection is part of OPRD's mission, we lack the ability to fund large-scale restoration projects at all of our properties, many of which are priority sites for natural resource management. Consequently, we consider our work with the Estuary Partnership as being vital to accomplishing our mission and are excited about your current proposal to implement your stakeholder-approved restoration plan for Wahkeena Creek at Benson State Recreation Area.

This letter is to confirm that OPRD supports your proposed project. OPRD support for the final design and construction phase of this project will include the following specific contributions:

- 60 logs for in-stream fish habitat
- 20 root wads for in-stream fish habitat
- Coordinating access to the site
- Staff time to review project designs and permits

This proposal presents a unique opportunity for public, non-profit, and private groups to join together in an effort to improve ecological function, expand public education and outreach efforts, and benefit several listed species. As a dedicated long-term steward of the Gorge, we are committed to seeing this site restored to the greatest extent practical and will provide our agency's support to attain the goals set out in the Estuary Partnership's proposal.

Sincerely,

Mark Stevenson,

Park Manager

Columbia River Gorge Management Unit

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
P. O. BOX 2508
CINCINNATI, OH 45201

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Date: **OCT 16 2003**

LOWER COLUMBIA RIVER ESTUARY
PARTNERSHIP
811 SW NAITO PKY STE 120
PORTLAND, OR 97204-0000

Employer Identification Number:
93-1249298
DLN:
17053263752093
Contact Person: JAMES A BRANDES ID# 31150
Contact Telephone Number:
(877) 829-5500
Public Charity Status:
170(b)(1)(A)(vi)

Dear Applicant:

Our letter dated April 1, 1999, stated you would be exempt from Federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and you would be treated as a public charity during an advance ruling period.

Based on our records and on the information you submitted, we are pleased to confirm that you are exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Code, and you are classified as a public charity under the Code section listed in the heading of this letter.

Publication 557, Tax-Exempt Status for Your Organization, provides detailed information about your rights and responsibilities as an exempt organization. You may request a copy by calling the toll-free number for forms, (800) 829-3676. Information is also available on our Internet Web Site at www.irs.gov.

If you have general questions about exempt organizations, please call our toll-free number shown in the heading between 8:00 a.m. - 6:30 p.m. Eastern time.

Please keep this letter in your permanent records.

Sincerely yours,



Lois G. Lerner
Director, Exempt Organizations
Rulings and Agreements

Letter 1050 (DO/CG)



Oregon

John A. Kitzhaber, M.D., Governor

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Northwest Region
17330 SE Evelyn Street
Clackamas, OR 97015-9514
(971) 673-6000
(971) 673-6070



October 24, 2013

Ms. Debrah Marriot
Executive Director, Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership
811 SW Naito Parkway, Suite 410
Portland, OR 97204

Re: ODFW Support for Habitat Restoration Proposed in Wahkena and Multnomah Creeks

Dear Ms. Marriot,

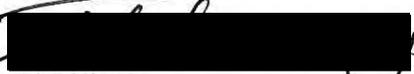
The Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) would like to express our full support for your efforts to improve fish and wildlife habitat in Wahkena and Multnomah creeks near Benson State Park. ODFW's involvement over the past two years provided us the ability to see the project develop from concept to completed design and we are confident the Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership (Estuary Partnership) will be capable of implementing a successful project that will provide long term benefits to Oregon's natural resources.

The Estuary Partnership took a thorough and defensible, science-based approach to evaluating restoration opportunities at the site that resulted in design plans that were reviewed and approved by ODFW district staff and engineering. The proposed restoration actions will improve instream and riparian habitat conditions in Wahkena and Multnomah creeks in addition to reducing temperature of thermal refugia at the creek's confluence with the Columbia River.

Listed salmonid populations throughout the Columbia Basin may utilize the site for juvenile rearing or adult holding on their upstream migration. Local salmonid populations in the Lower Columbia River ESU (coho, winter steelhead, fall Chinook, and possibly chum) will benefit from improved spawning and rearing conditions in both creeks as well as rearing conditions at the confluence.

We look forward to seeing successful implementation of this project and the corresponding benefits to salmon and steelhead populations that will accrue over time. Please keep in contact with us as the project moves forward so we can schedule ODFW staff involvement in salvage or other implementation assistance we can provide.

Thank you!


Todd Alsbury
District Fish Biologist
North Willamette Watershed District

Cc: Jim Brick, ODFW

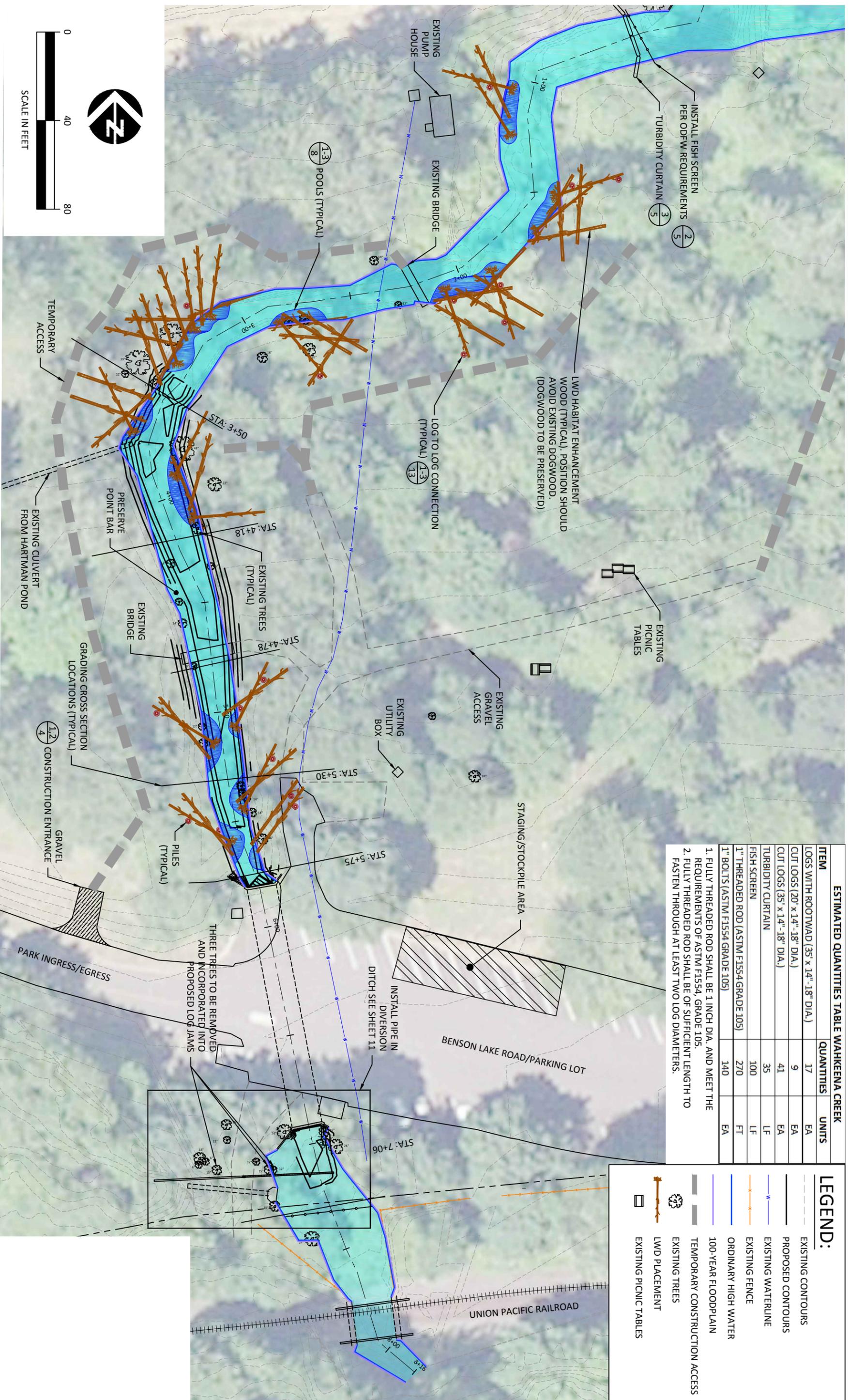
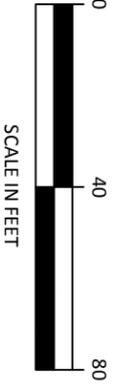
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

**LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT**



**PROPOSED CONDITIONS
WAHKEENA CREEK**



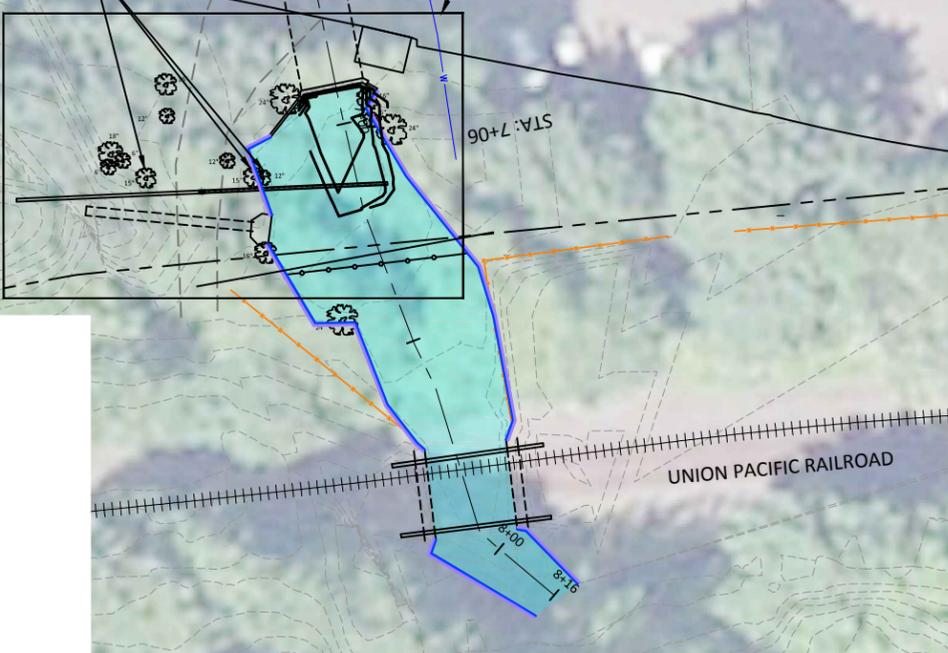
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES TABLE WAHKEENA CREEK

ITEM	QUANTITIES	UNITS
LOGS WITH ROOTWAD (35' x 14" -18" DIA.)	17	EA
CUT LOGS (20' x 14" -18" DIA.)	9	EA
CUT LOGS (35' x 14" -18" DIA.)	41	EA
TURBIDITY CURTAIN	35	LF
FISH SCREEN	100	LF
1" THREADED ROD (ASTM F1554 GRADE 105)	270	FT
1" BOLTS (ASTM F1554 GRADE 105)	140	EA

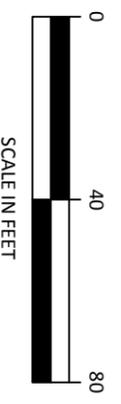
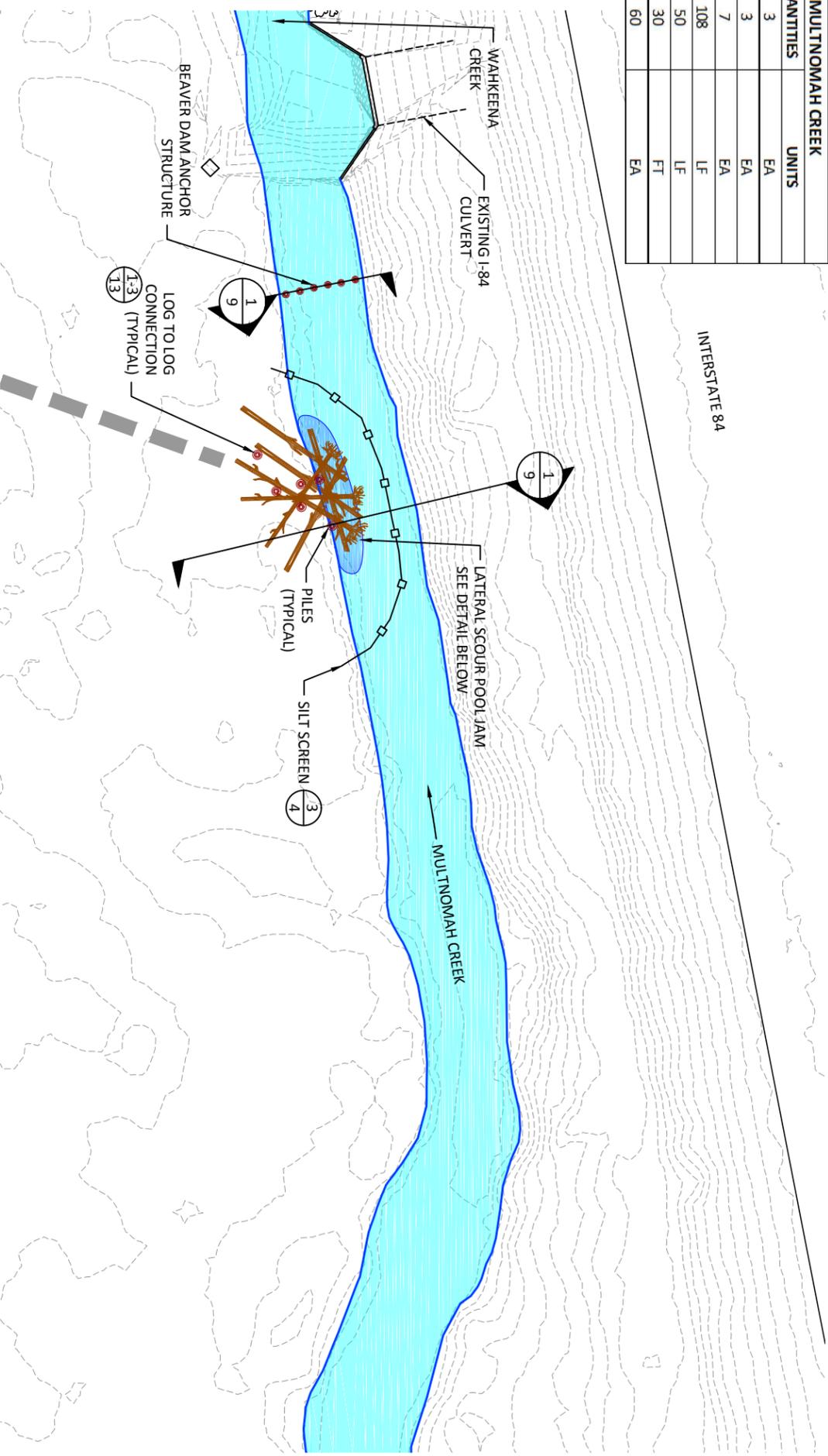
- FULLY THREADED ROD SHALL BE 1 INCH DIA. AND MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F1554, GRADE 105.
- FULLY THREADED ROD SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO FASTEN THROUGH AT LEAST TWO LOG DIAMETERS.

LEGEND:

- EXISTING CONTOURS
- PROPOSED CONTOURS
- EXISTING WATERLINE
- EXISTING FENCE
- ORDINARY HIGH WATER
- 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
- TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS
- EXISTING TREES
- LWD PLACEMENT
- EXISTING PICNIC TABLES



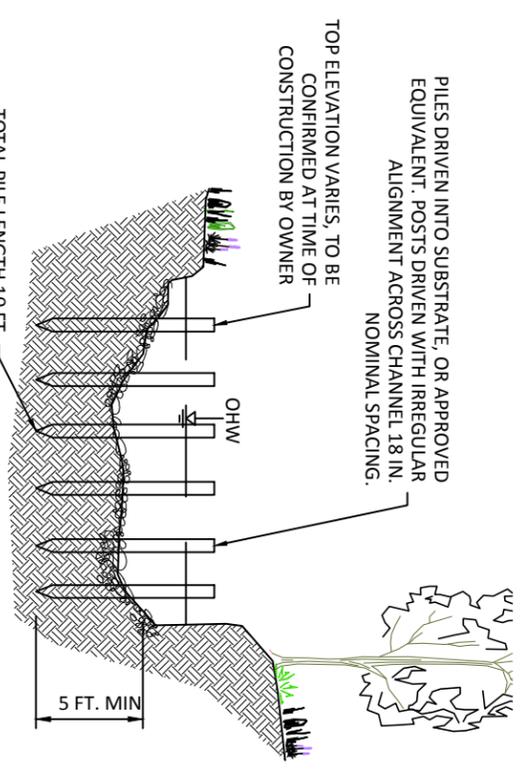
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES TABLE MULTNOMAH CREEK		
ITEM	QUANTITIES	UNITS
LOGS WITH ROOTWAD (35' x 14"-18" DIA.)	3	EA
CUT LOGS (20' x 14"-18" DIA.)	3	EA
CUT LOGS (35' x 14"-18" DIA.)	7	EA
SILT SCREEN	108	LF
FISH SCREEN	50	LF
1" THREADED ROD (ASTM F1554 GRADE 105)	30	FT
1" BOLTS (ASTM F1554 GRADE 105)	60	EA



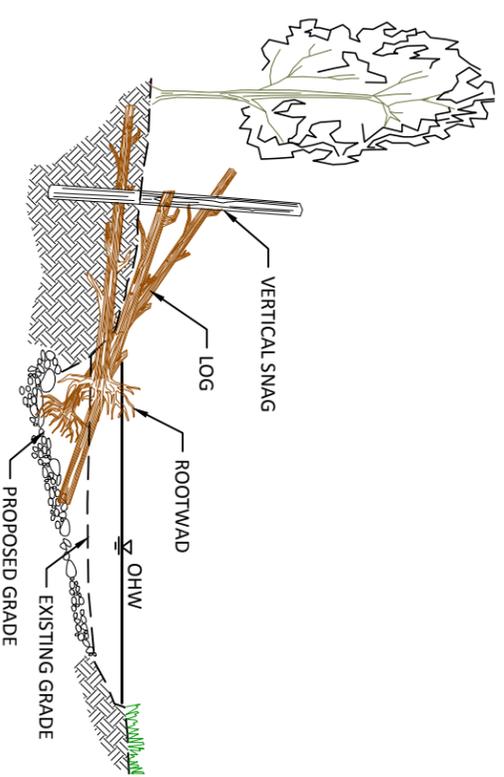
LEGEND:

- EXISTING CONTOURS
- ORDINARY HIGH WATER
- TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS
- WAHKEENA AND MULTNOMAH CREEK
- LWD PLACEMENT

PROPOSED CONDITIONS



1 BEAVER DAM STRUCTURES TYPICAL SECTION
9 NOT TO SCALE



2 TYPICAL LATERAL SCOUR POOL JAM SECTION VIEW
9 NOT TO SCALE

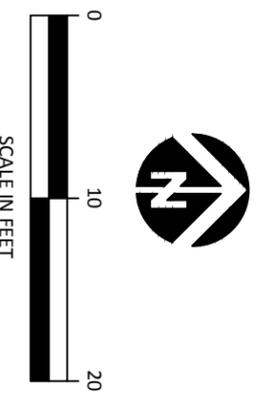
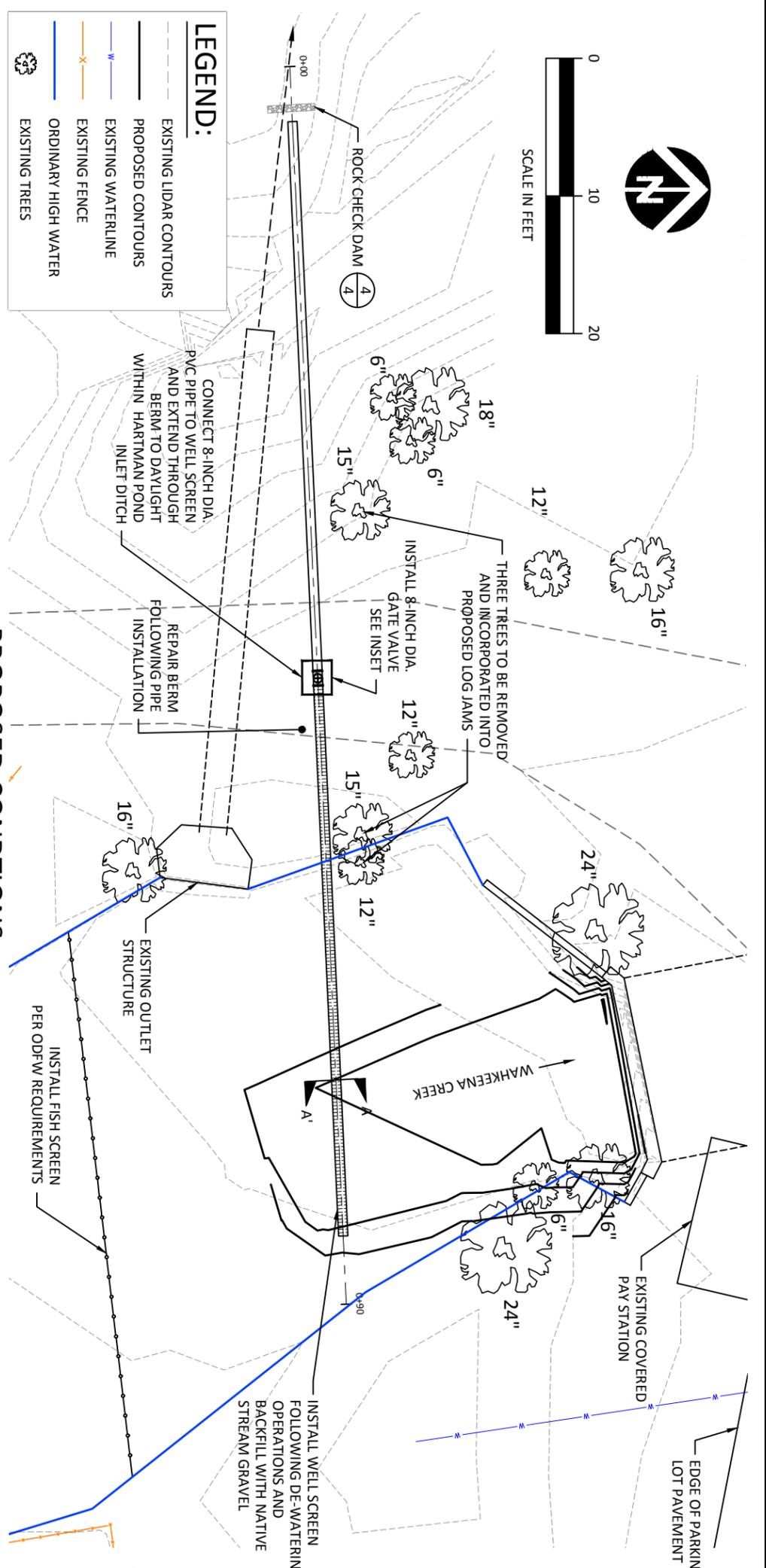
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT



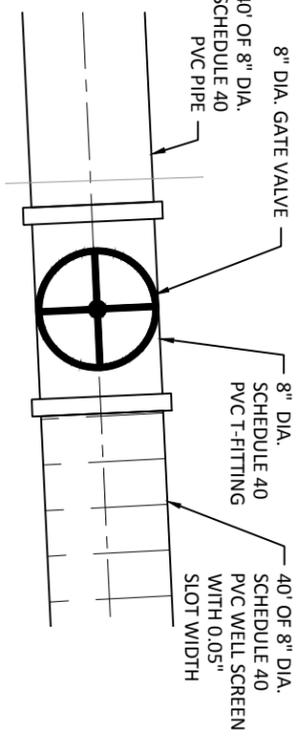
PROPOSED PLAN AND TYPICAL SECTION MULTNOMAH CREEK



PROPOSED CONDITIONS

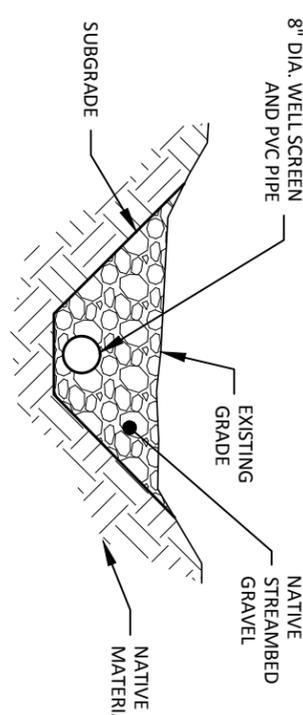
PROPOSED GATE VALVE

SCALE: 1" = 1'



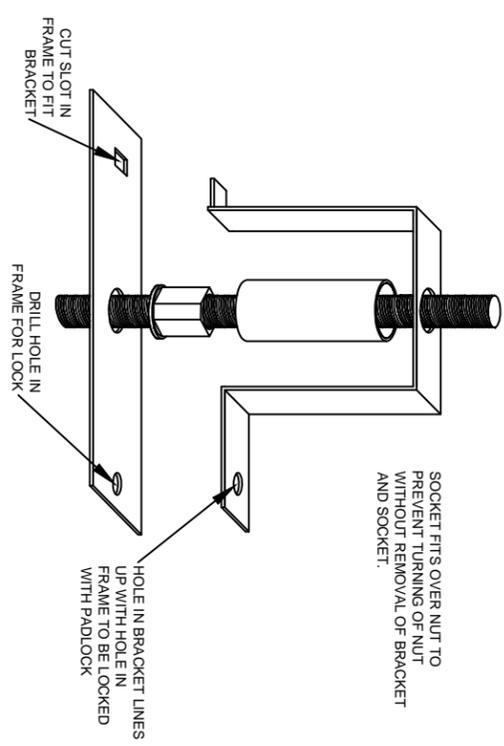
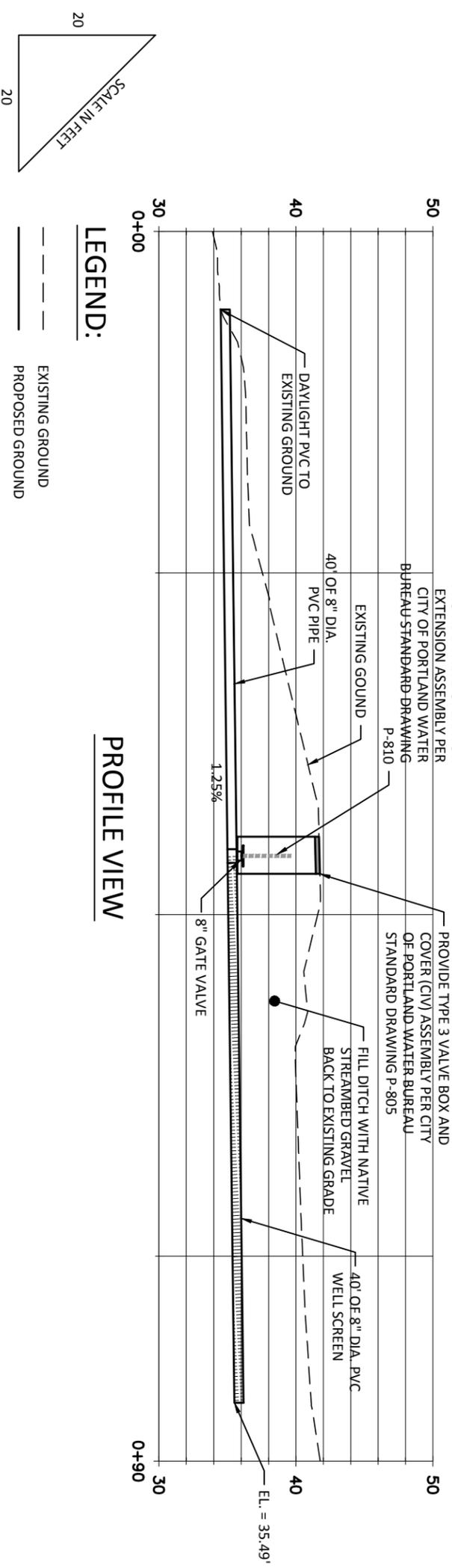
SECTION A-A' PIPE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES TABLE HARTMAN POND DIVERSION

ITEM	QUANTITIES	UNITS
FISH SCREEN	50	LF
8" DIA. SCHEDULE 40 PVC PIPE	40	LF
8" DIA SCHEDULE 40 PVC WELL SCREEN WITH 0.05 INCH SLOT WIDTH	40	LF
8" GATE VALVE	1	EA



NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

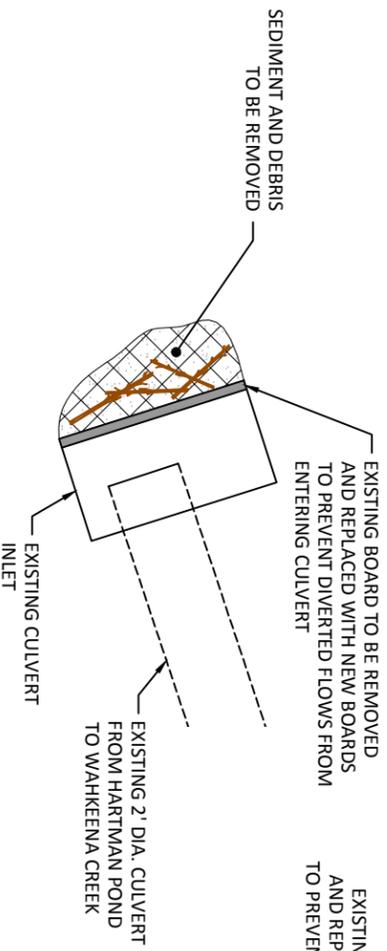
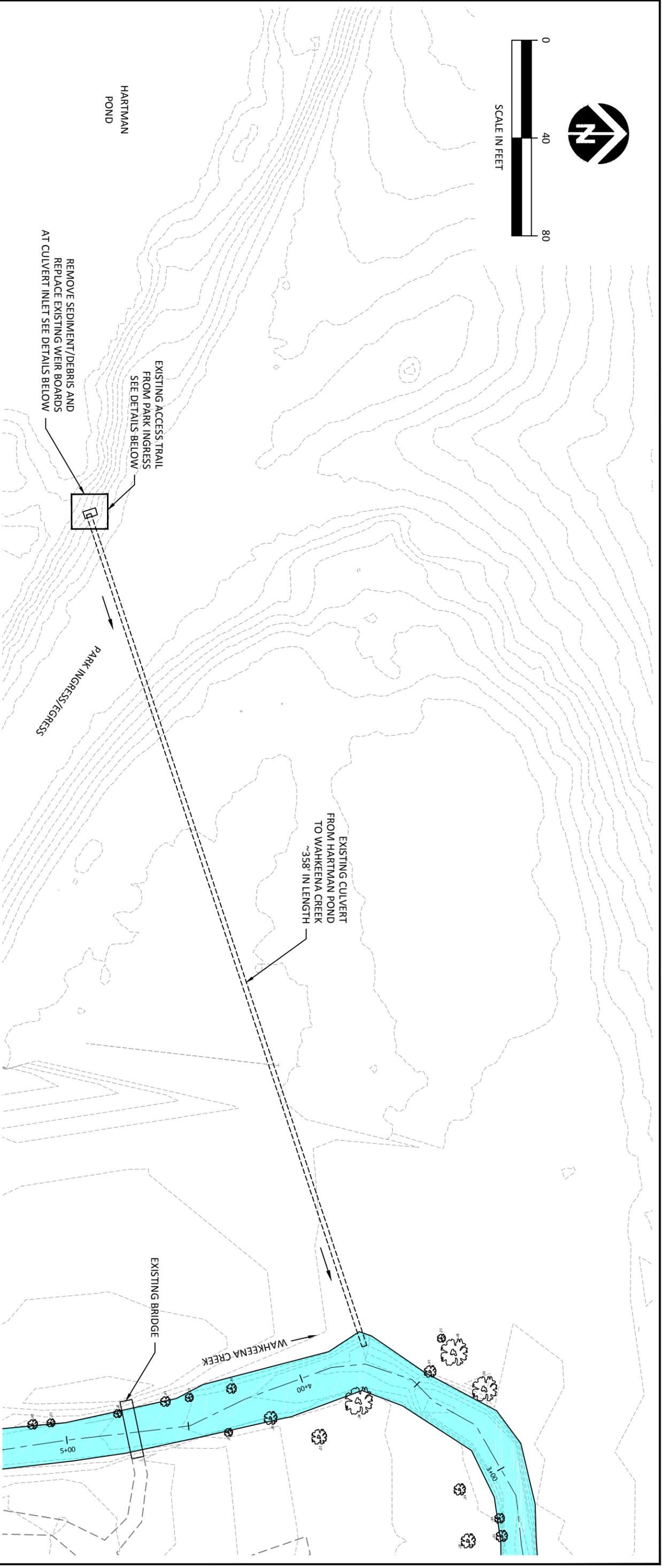
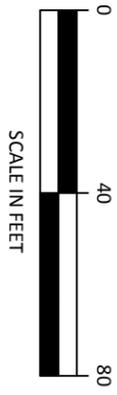
MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED	
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32	
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT	

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT



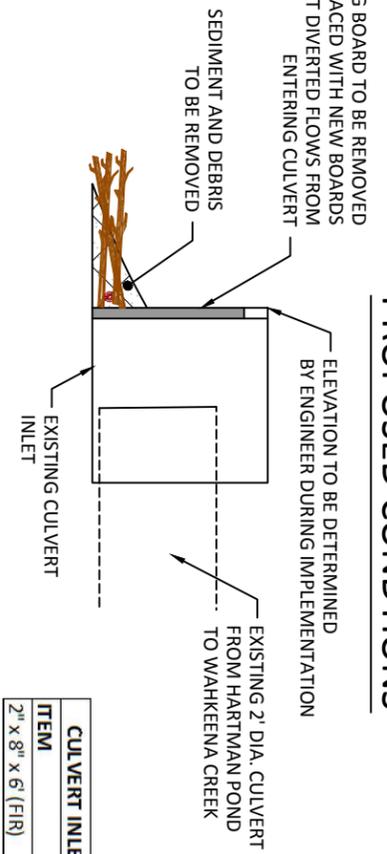
501 Portway Avenue, Suite 101
Hood River, OR 97031
541.366.9003
www.interfluv.com

HARTMAN POND DIVERSION



1 CULVERT INLET - PLAN VIEW

12 NOT TO SCALE



2 CULVERT INLET - SECTION VIEW

12 NOT TO SCALE

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

LEGEND:

- EXISTING CONTOURS
- PROPOSED CONTOURS
- WAHKEENA AND MULTNOMAH CREEK
- EXISTING TREES

CULVERT INLET ESTIMATED QUANTITIES TABLE		
ITEM	QUANTITIES	UNITS
2' x 8" x 6' (FIR)	4	EA

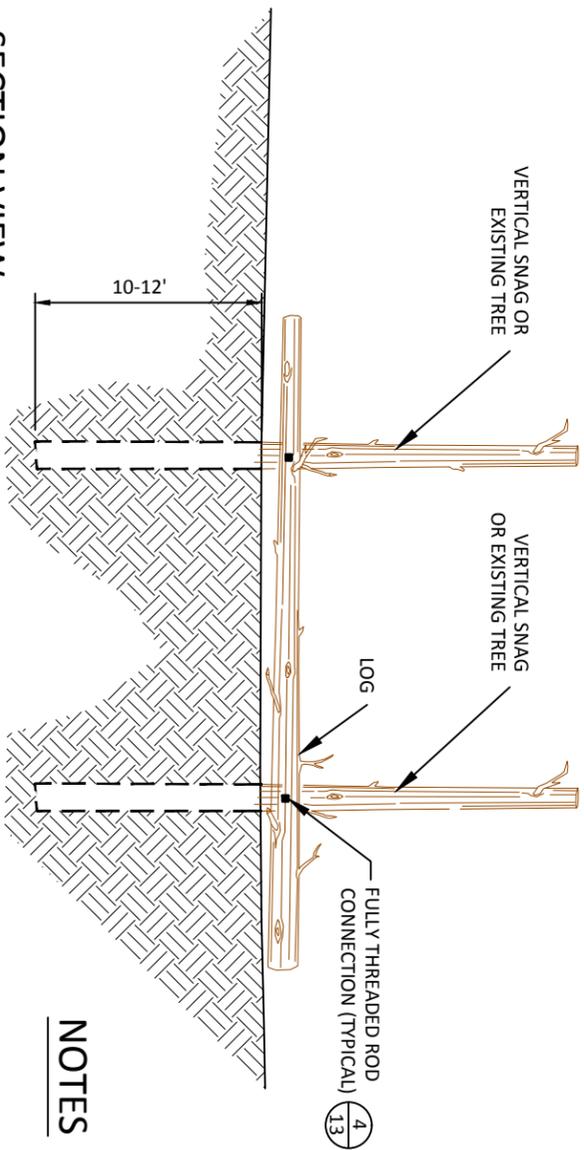
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT



HARTMAN POND OUTLET
STRUCTURE

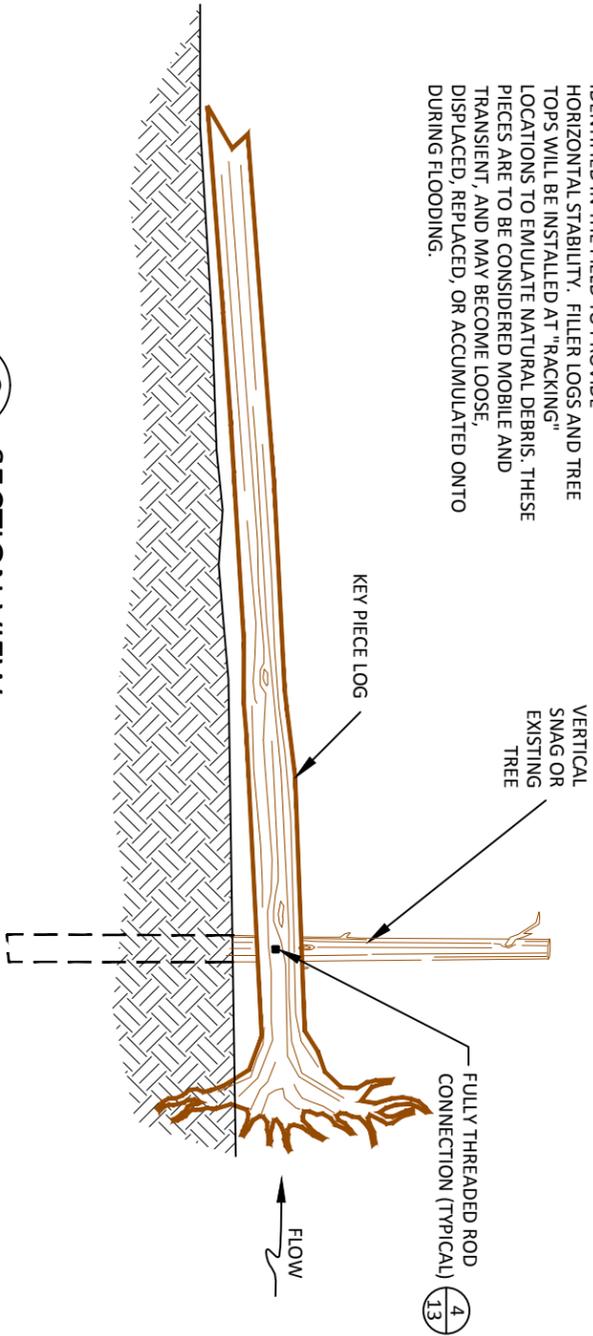


NOTES

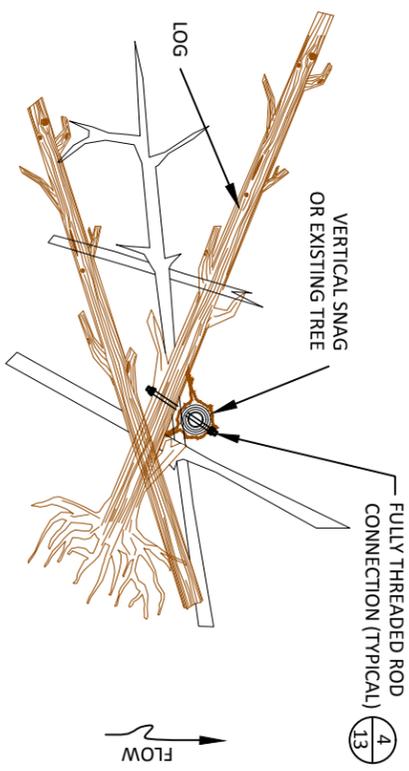
1 SECTION VIEW
13 TYPICAL LOGS SECURED AT VERTICAL SNAG
 NOT TO SCALE

SPECIFIC ORIENTATION OF LOGS AND MATERIALS MAY VARY FROM TYPICAL DRAWINGS DEPENDING ON SIZE AND SHAPE OF MATERIAL DELIVERED OR SALVAGED.

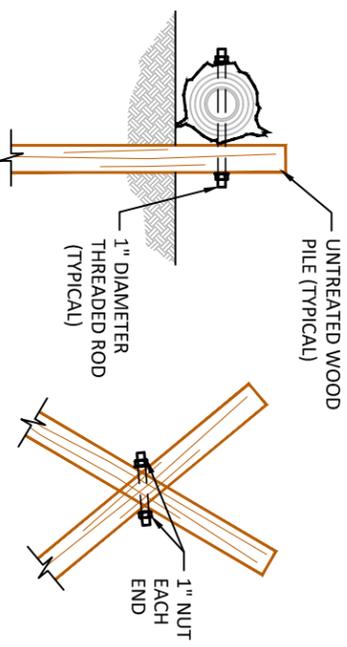
BRACING TO EXISTING TREES OR INSTALLED VERTICAL LOGS WILL OCCUR AT LOCATIONS IDENTIFIED IN THE FIELD TO PROVIDE HORIZONTAL STABILITY. FILLER LOGS AND TREE TOPS WILL BE INSTALLED AT "RACKING" LOCATIONS TO EMULATE NATURAL DEBRIS. THESE PIECES ARE TO BE CONSIDERED MOBILE AND TRANSIENT, AND MAY BECOME LOOSE, DISPLACED, REPLACED, OR ACCUMULATED ONTO DURING FLOODING.



3 SECTION VIEW
13 TYPICAL LOG TO PILE CONNECTION
 NOT TO SCALE



2 PLAN VIEW
13 TYPICAL FLOODPLAIN WOOD
 NOT TO SCALE



4 TYPICAL FULLY THREADED ROD
13 NOT TO SCALE

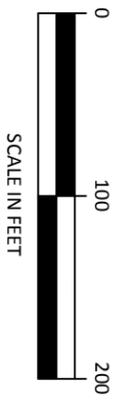
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWJ	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
 MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
 RESTORATION PROJECT



TYPICAL LOG TO PILE
 CONNECTION DETAILS



- NOTES:
1. PLANT PLACEMENT WILL BE CONSISTENT WITH NATURALLY OCCURRING PLANT COMMUNITIES. TREES OR SHRUBS SHALL BE PLACED IN SINGLES OR CLUSTERS OF THE SAME SPECIES TO PROVIDE A NATURAL PLANTING SCHEME.
 2. PATHWAYS AND ACCESS WILL BE MAINTAINED OR CREATED THROUGH VEGETATION TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE.

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

LEGEND:

- EXISTING LIDAR CONTOURS
- PLANTING AREA
- WAHKEENA AND MULTNOMAH CREEK

Multnomah/Wahkeena Creek Restoration Project
 Phase I - planting plan
 1,800 plants per acre. bare root or live stakes as appropriate

Common Name	Scientific Name	Relative abundance
Redstem dogwood	<i>Cornus sericea</i>	25%
Pacific yambark	<i>Physocarpus capitatus</i>	15%
Snowberry	<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i>	10%
Western red cedar	<i>Thuja plicata</i>	10%
Pacific willow	<i>Salix lasioandra</i>	5%
Red elder	<i>Ailous rubra</i>	5%
Red elderberry	<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	5%
Oregon ash	<i>Fraxinus latifolia</i>	5%
Black cottonwood	<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	5%
Sa'mon berry	<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	5%

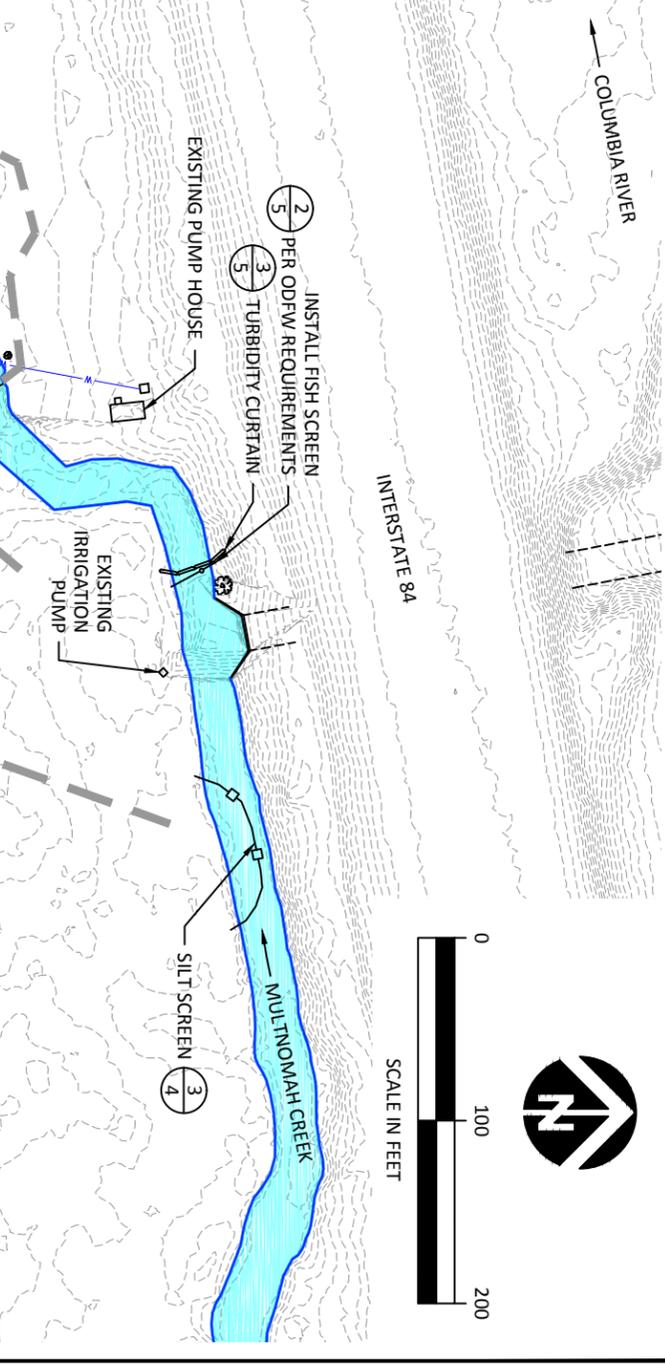
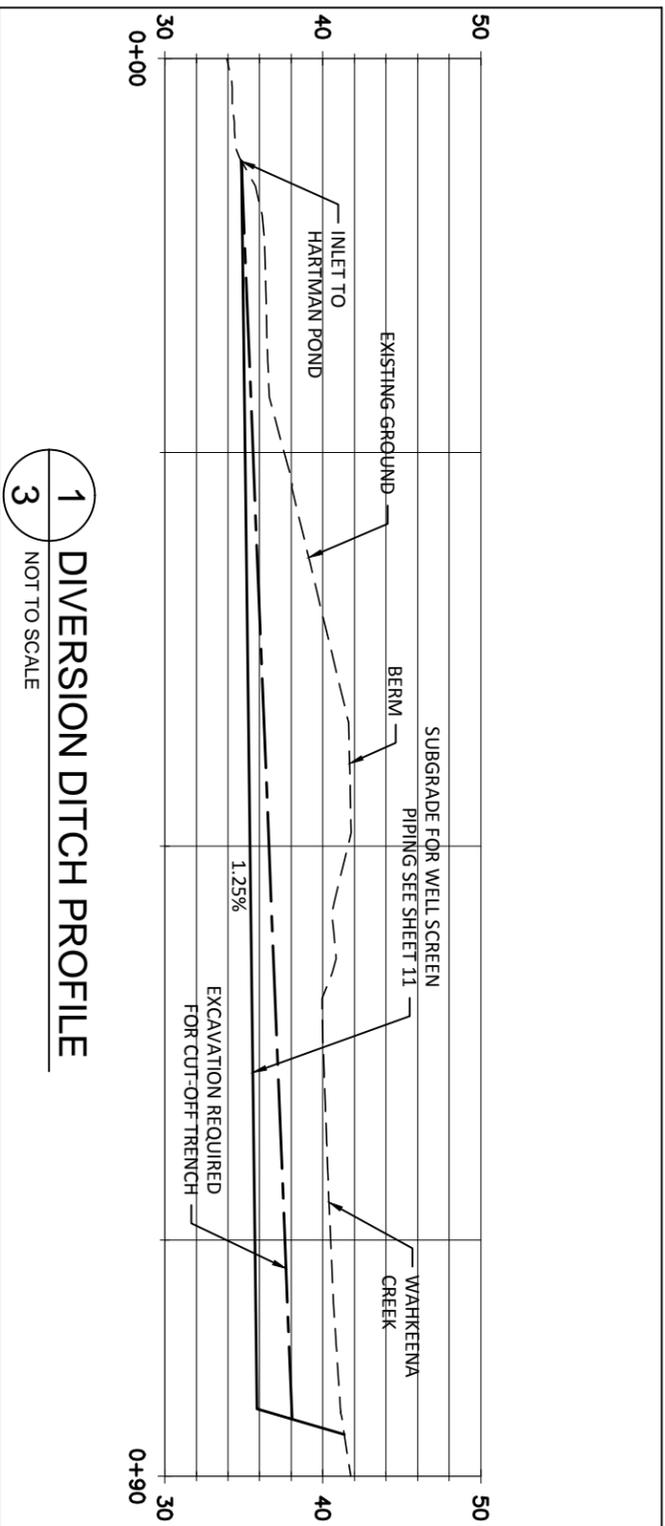
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWJ	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
 MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
 RESTORATION PROJECT



REVEGETATION PLAN

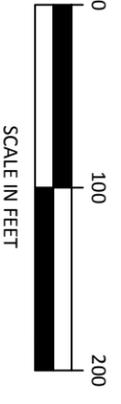
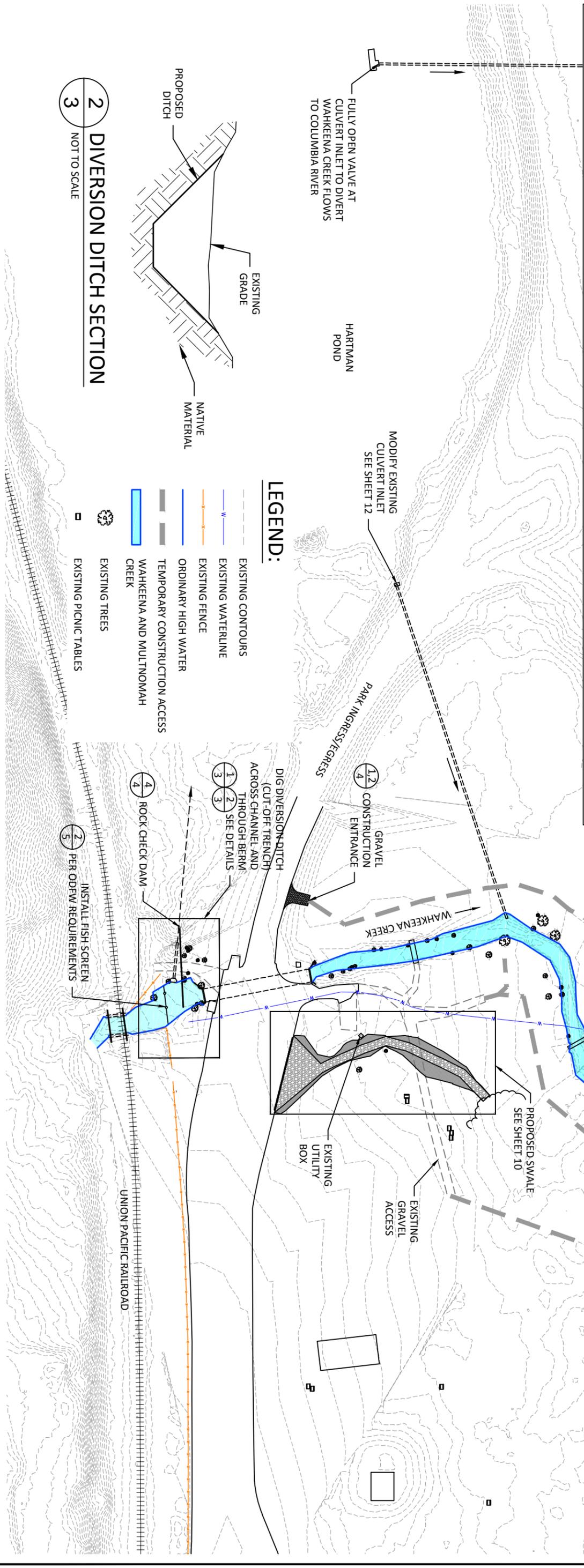


1 DIVERSION DITCH PROFILE
NOT TO SCALE

2 DIVERSION DITCH SECTION
NOT TO SCALE

LEGEND:

- EXISTING CONTOURS
- - - EXISTING WATERLINE
- - - EXISTING FENCE
- - - ORDINARY HIGH WATER
- - - TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS
- - - WAHKEENA AND MULTNOMAH CREEK
- ☐ EXISTING TREES
- ☐ EXISTING PICNIC TABLES



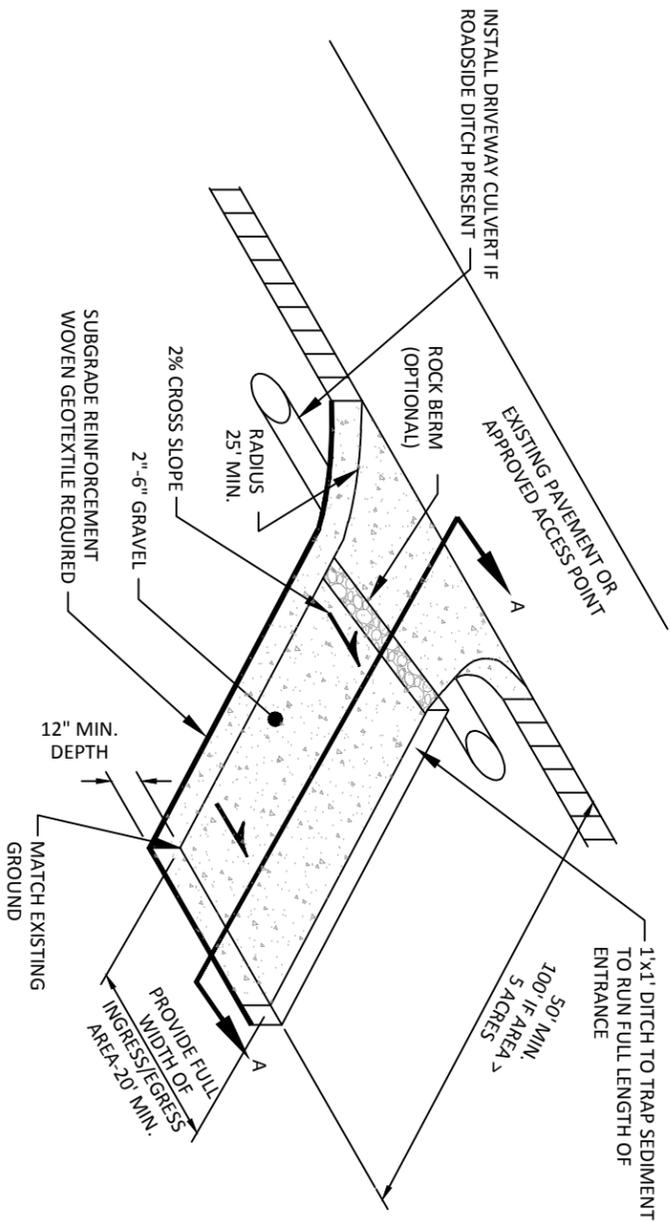
NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS
DESIGNED	09/27/13	13-02-32
DATE		

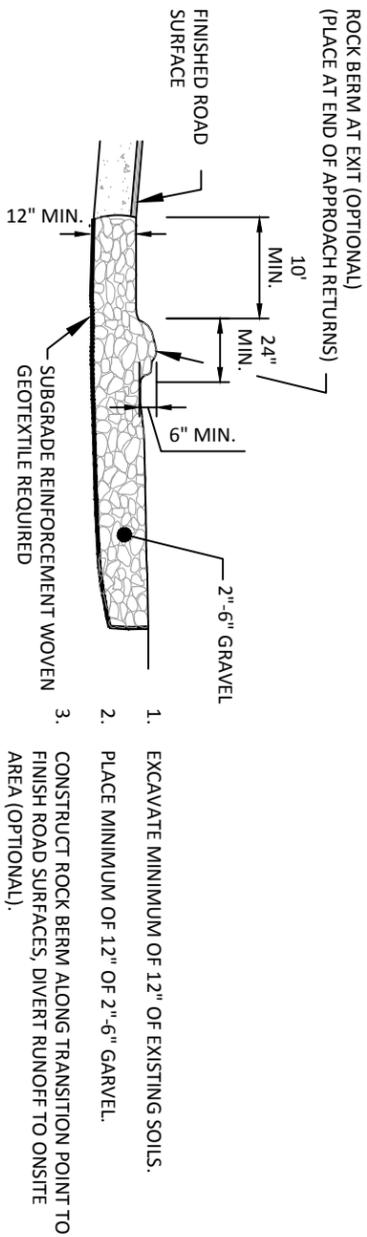
LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT



FLOW DIVERSION AND
EROSION CONTROL



1 GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE PLAN VIEW
NOT TO SCALE

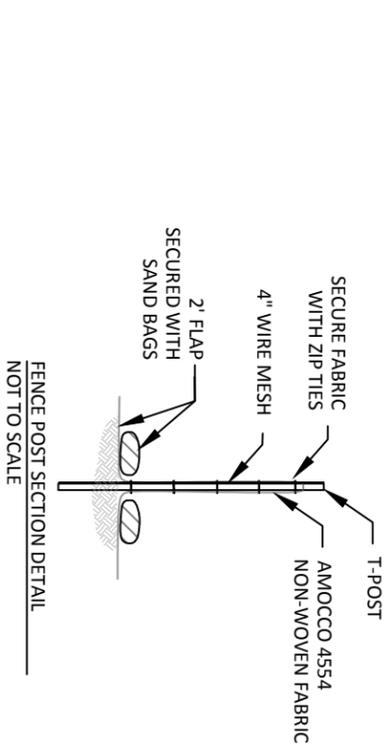


2 GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE PROFILE VIEW A-A'
NOT TO SCALE

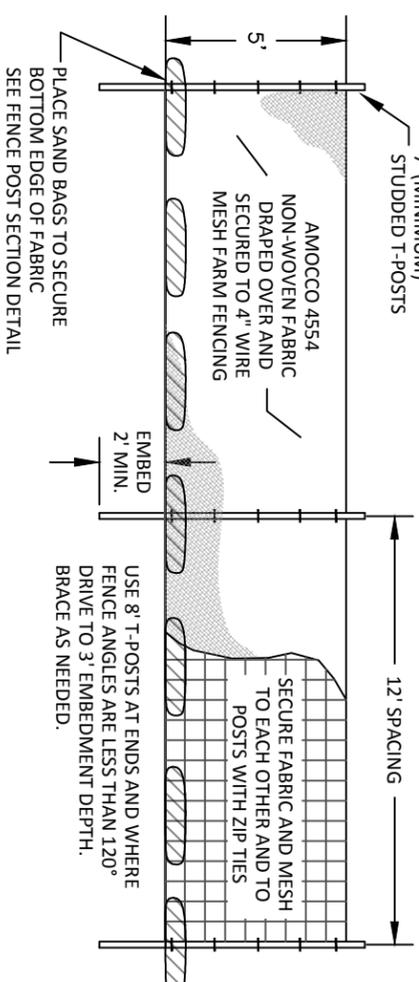
1. EXCAVATE MINIMUM OF 12" OF EXISTING SOILS.
2. PLACE MINIMUM OF 12" OF 2"-6" GRAVEL.
3. CONSTRUCT ROCK BERM ALONG TRANSITION POINT TO FINISH ROAD SURFACES, DIVERT RUNOFF TO ONSITE AREA (OPTIONAL).

NOTES:

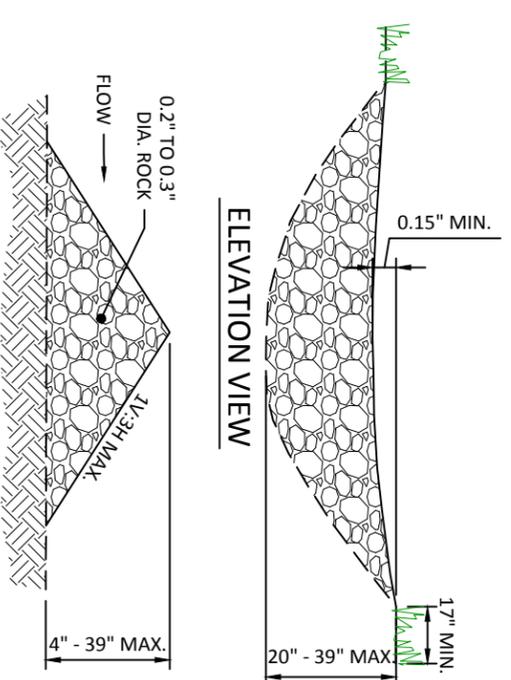
1. INSTALL WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO PREVENT SUB-SOIL PUMPING.
2. VEHICLE WASHDOWN AREA, IF REQUIRED, IS TO BE INSTALLED AND USED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM VEHICLES THAT ARE ABOUT TO ENTER AN ESTABLISHED ROAD.
3. WASHDOWN AREA TO BE MADE UP OF CLEAN 2"-6" GRAVEL, 12" DEEP (MIN) OVER WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. WASHDOWN AREA TO BE FULL WIDTH OF ENTRANCE AND 50' LENGTH (MIN.), AND 100' IF EXPOSED SOIL IS OVER 5 ACRES.
4. THE RESPONSIBLE EROSION CONTROL INDIVIDUAL IS TO ENSURE THAT ALL VEHICLES USE THIS ENTRANCE AND ARE TO BE INSPECTED AND CLEANED OF SOILS BEFORE LEAVING PROJECT, AND THAT THE ENTRANCE IS TO BE KEPT CLEAN AT ALL TIMES.



FENCE POST SECTION DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



3 TYPICAL SILT SCREEN DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



4 TYPICAL ROCK CHECK DAM
NOT TO SCALE

NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

MWI	BN_DS	BN_DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN_DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
RESTORATION PROJECT



EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

NO.	BY	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION

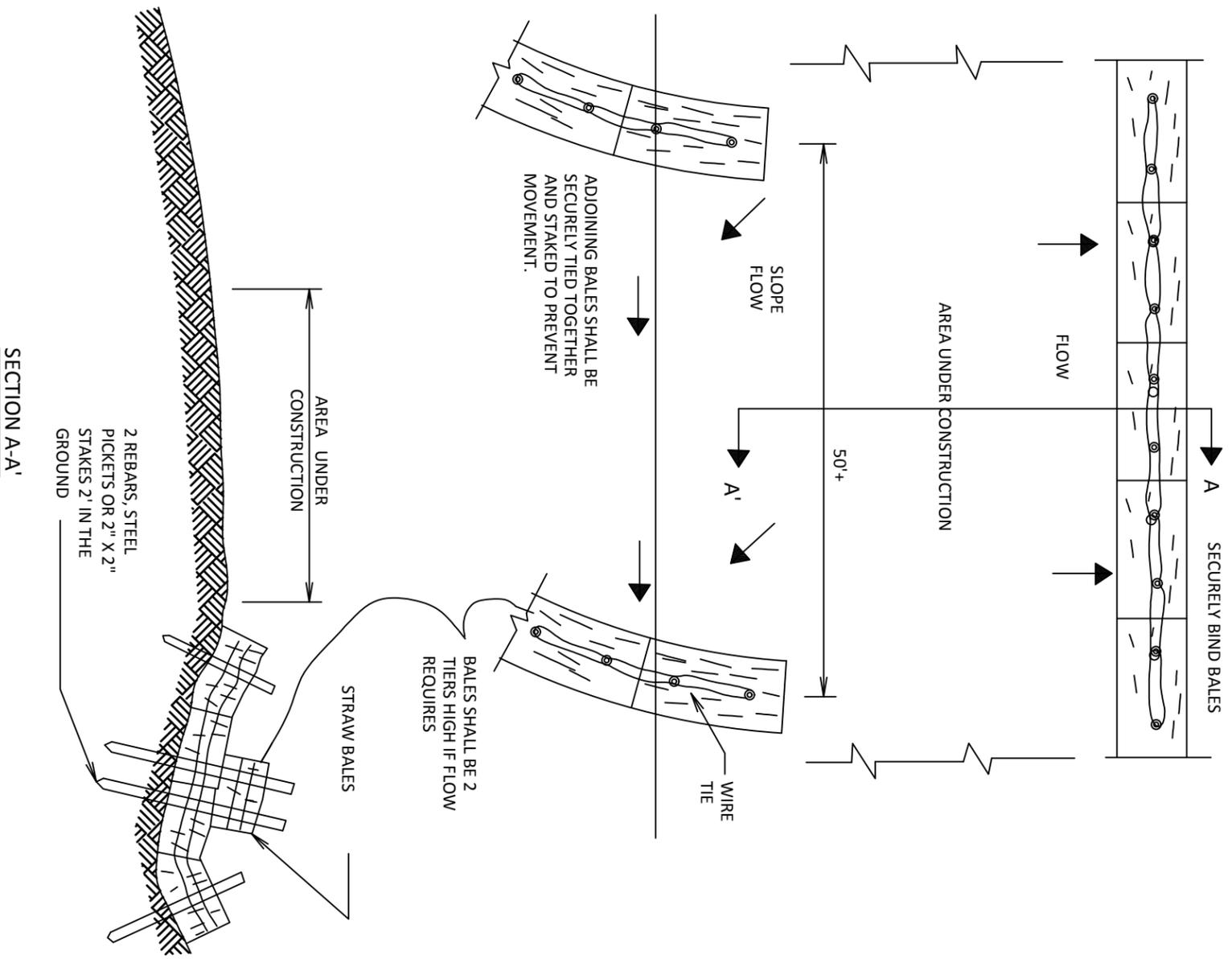
MWI	BN,DS	BN,DS
DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
BN,DS	09/27/13	13-02-32
APPROVED	DATE	PROJECT

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP
 MULTNOMAH AND WAHKEENA CREEKS
 RESTORATION PROJECT

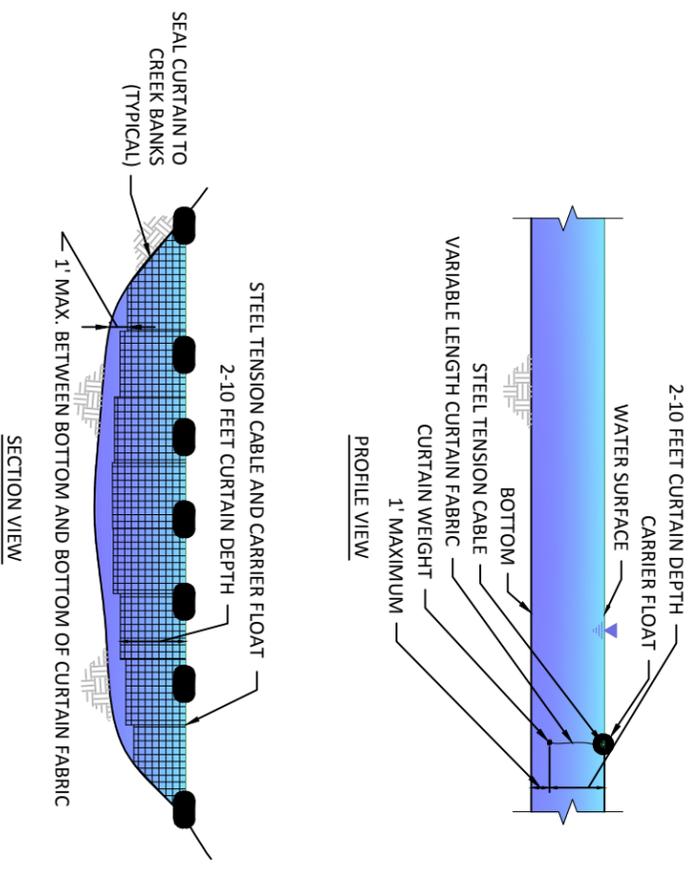


EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
 CONTINUED

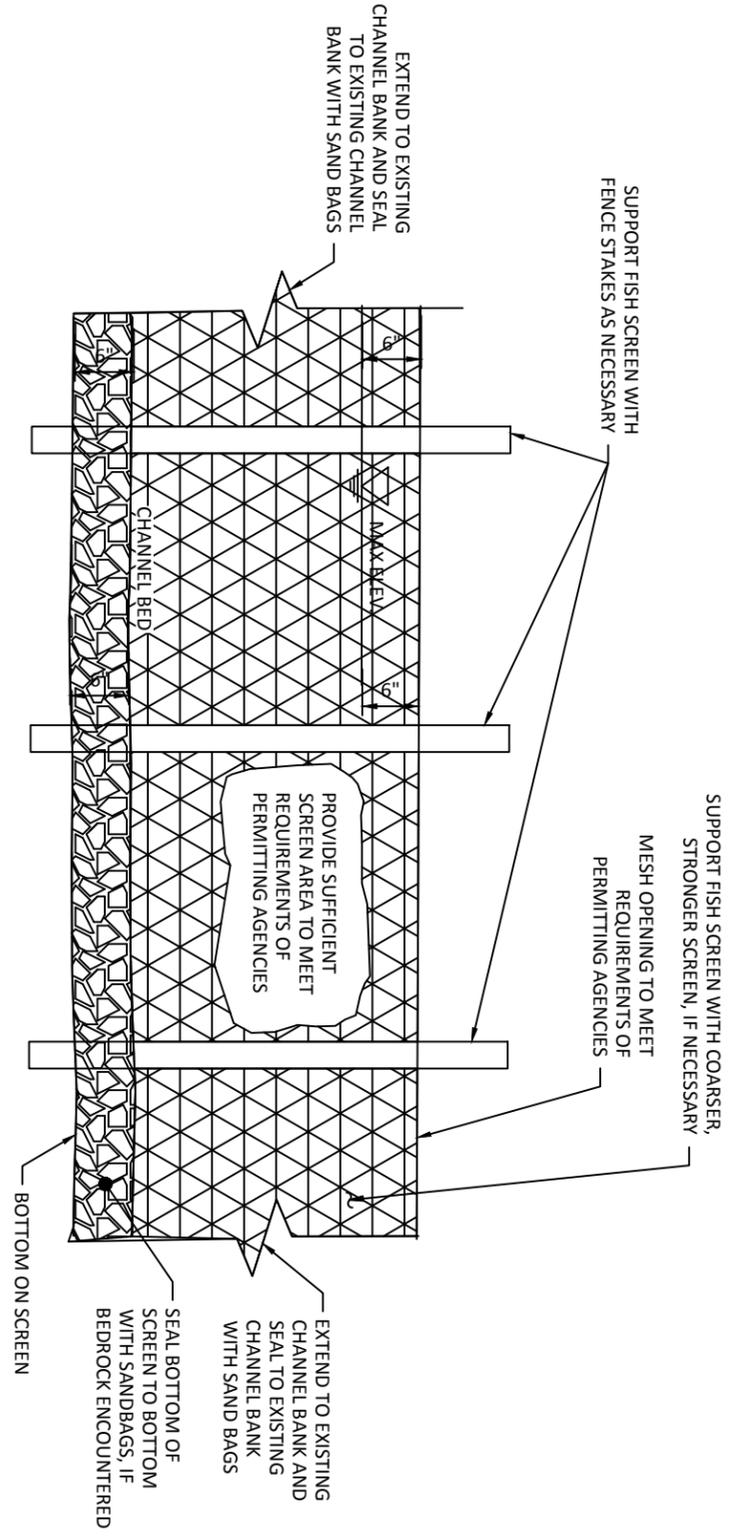
1 TYPICAL STRAW BALE SEDIMENT BARRIER
 5 NOT TO SCALE



3 TYPICAL TURBIDITY CURTAIN DETAIL
 5 NOT TO SCALE



2 TYPICAL FISH EXCLUSION SCREEN
 5 NOT TO SCALE



Signature Authorization Page

I hereby make an application for financial assistance under the terms and conditions of the R&E Program as described in my project application.

I understand that if my project is approved for funding, the following will apply:

- All project sponsors must sign a grant agreement containing the terms and conditions on which funding will be released.
- Project expenses which occur before the grant agreement is signed or after the expiration date will not be paid by the R&E Program.
- Copies of all necessary permits must be submitted to the R&E Program.
- Project sponsors must certify compliance with local, state, and federal regulations and laws.
- Landowner, monitoring and maintenance agreements must be submitted to the R&E Program.
- Regular progress reports may be required, and at the end of each project a Completion Report must be submitted.
- Educational products resulting from projects are public domain.
- All information submitted to either party under this application is subject to the federal Freedom of Information Act.

Project Title: Multnomah and Wahkeena Creeks Restoration Project

Applicant: _____

Date: 12/12/2013

Fiscal Officer: _____

Date: 12/12/2013